

Cambridge Judge Business School

---

Centre for Risk Studies

---

# TECHNOLOGY AND SPACE

Dr Jennifer Daffron  
Research Associate, Cambridge Centre for Risk Studies

4 December 2018

Centre for  
**Risk Studies**



UNIVERSITY OF  
CAMBRIDGE  
Judge Business School

# Technology and Space



Cyber Attack



*Increased*



Nuclear Accident



*Stable*



Power Outage



*Stable*



Solar Storm



*Slightly increased*

# Cyber Attack: A Growing Threat



The cyber threat continues to develop at a rapid pace. Cyber attack loss severities are increasing with several recent attacks showing the potential for **systemic impacts** with global reach.

- The Internationalisation of Cyber Threat
- Increasing Size and Cost of Data Breaches
- Continued Disruption from DDoS Attacks
- Threat to Critical Infrastructure
- Rising Complexity and Sophistication with Less Effort



# The Internationalisation of Cyber Threat

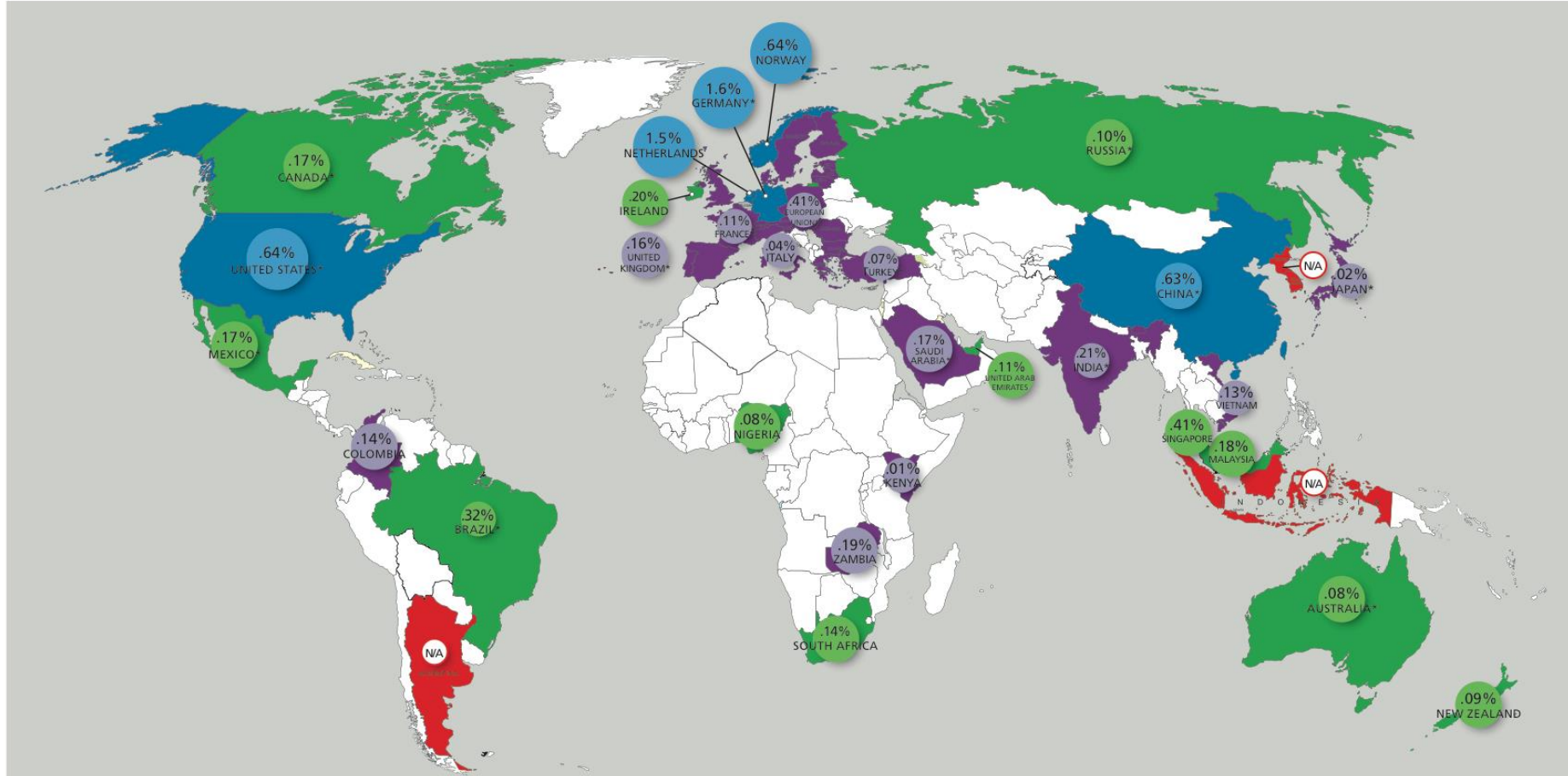


Cyber  
Attack

Cyber losses are now being reported in almost **every country** of the industrialized world.



CYBERCRIME LOSS AS A PERCENT OF GDP (GROSS DOMESTIC PRODUCT)

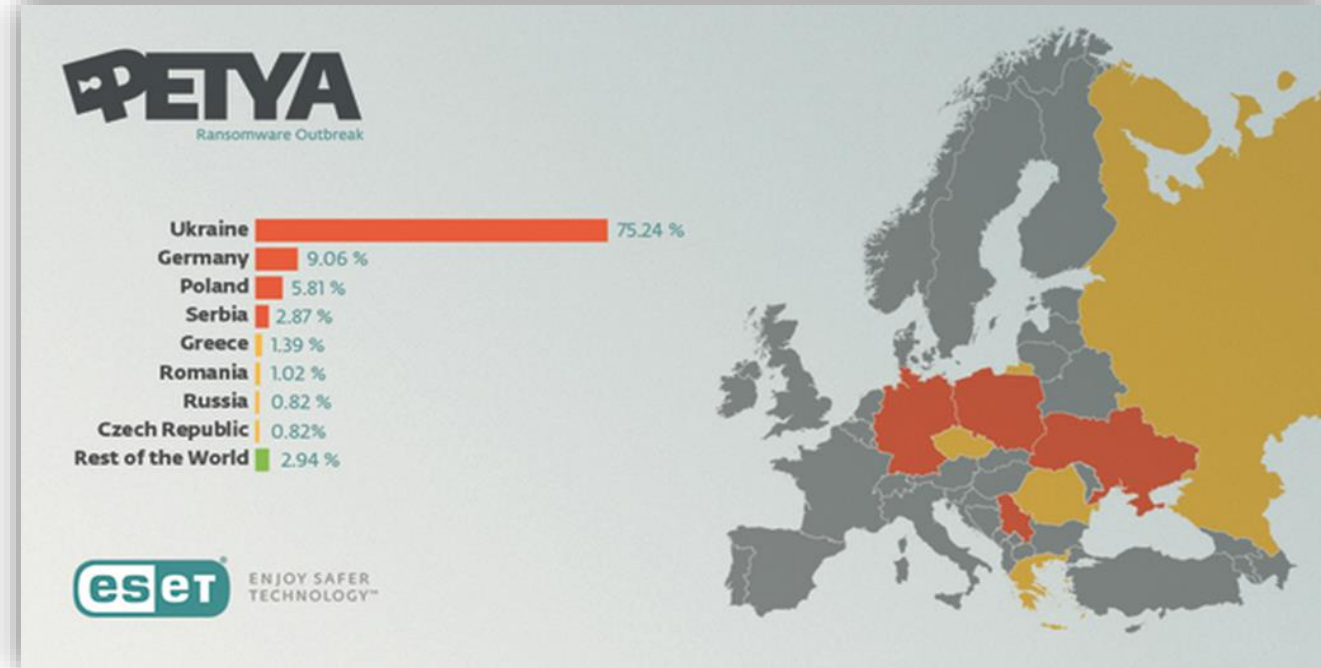
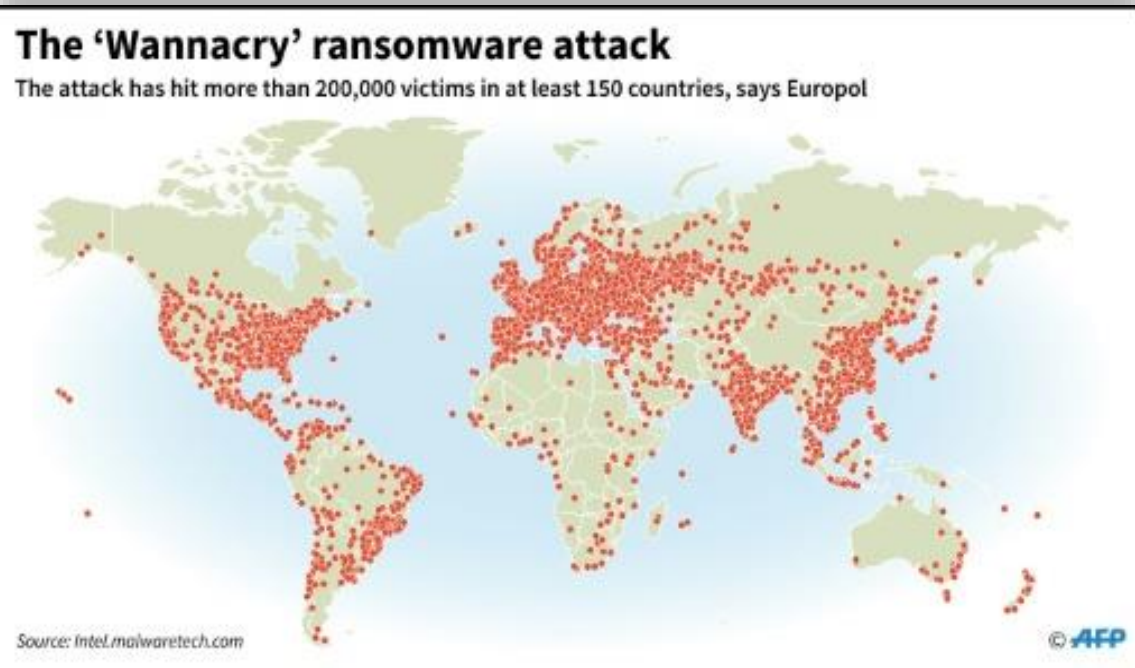


# The Internationalization of Cyber Crime



Cyber  
Attack

Cyber attacks have **no** regard for traditional country **boundaries**.



# The Internationalization of Cyber Crime



Cyber Attack

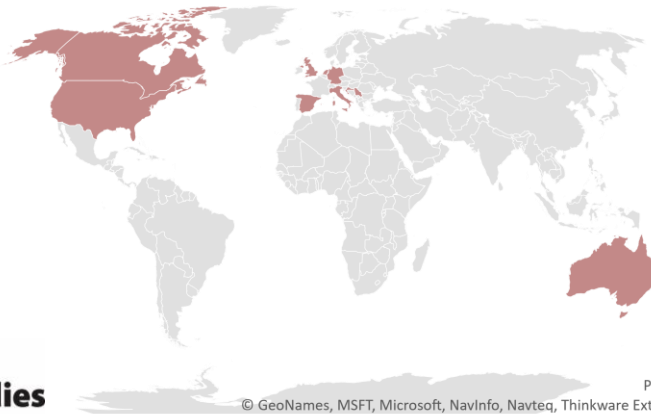
## ■ Cyber attack as a means of driving real-world politics

- The recent **trade dispute** between the United States and China is mainly driven by corporate espionage and intellectual property theft through **cyber means**
- Nation state cyber **election interference**, such as experienced during the 2016 United States Presidential election



## ■ International Collaborations

- **Operation Power Off** culminated in the seizure of infrastructure and the arrest of members of the world's largest DDoS-as-a-service website, *Webstressor.org*.



UK (National Crime Agency)  
The Netherlands  
Germany  
Scotland  
Australia  
Canada  
Italy  
Spain

Serbia  
United States  
Croatia  
Hong Kong  
Europe  
Joint Cyber Action Taskforce

# Data Breaches



Cyber  
Attack

Data breaches are growing in size and impact.

The largest data breach of 2018 was **1.1 Billion Records**.

Average cost per  
lost stolen record:

**\$148**

Average total cost of  
a data breach:

**\$3.86 million**

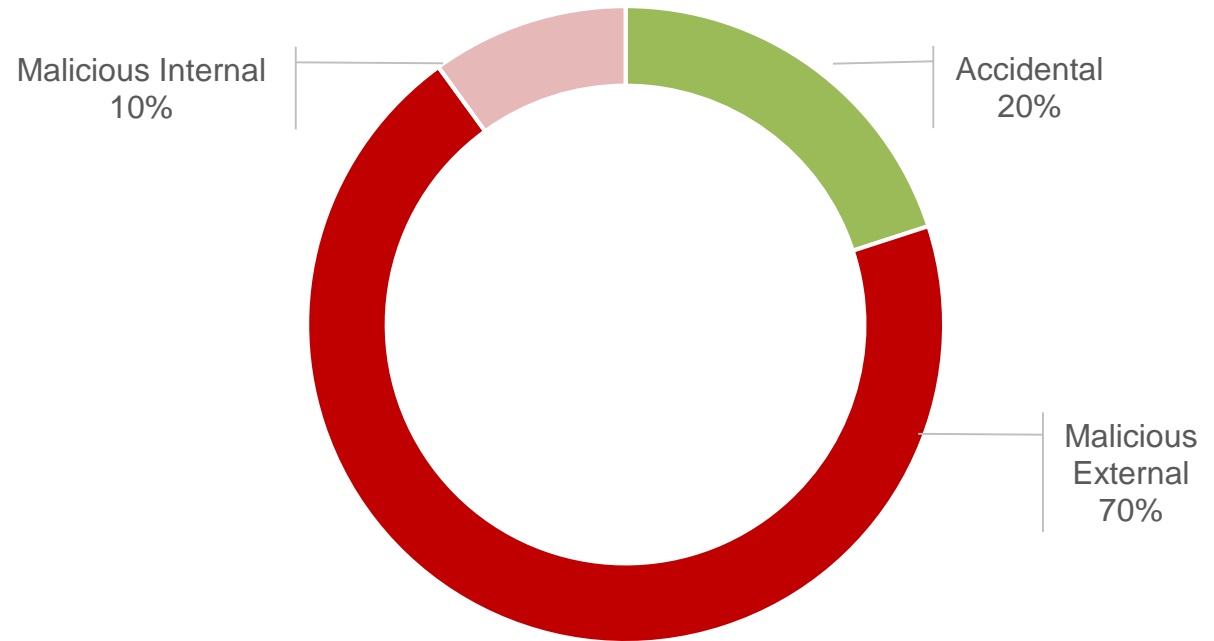
Average cost per  
megabreach of  
**1 million** records:

**\$40 Million**

Average cost per  
megabreach of  
**50 million** records:

**\$350 Million**

Source of Breach



# DDoS Attacks



Cyber  
Attack

The frequency of DDoS attacks continues to increase year-on-year.  
In 2018, DDoS attacks increased by **40%** as organisations faced an average of  
**8** attacks per day.

Organizations with DDoS attack  
reputation and brand damage

**57%**

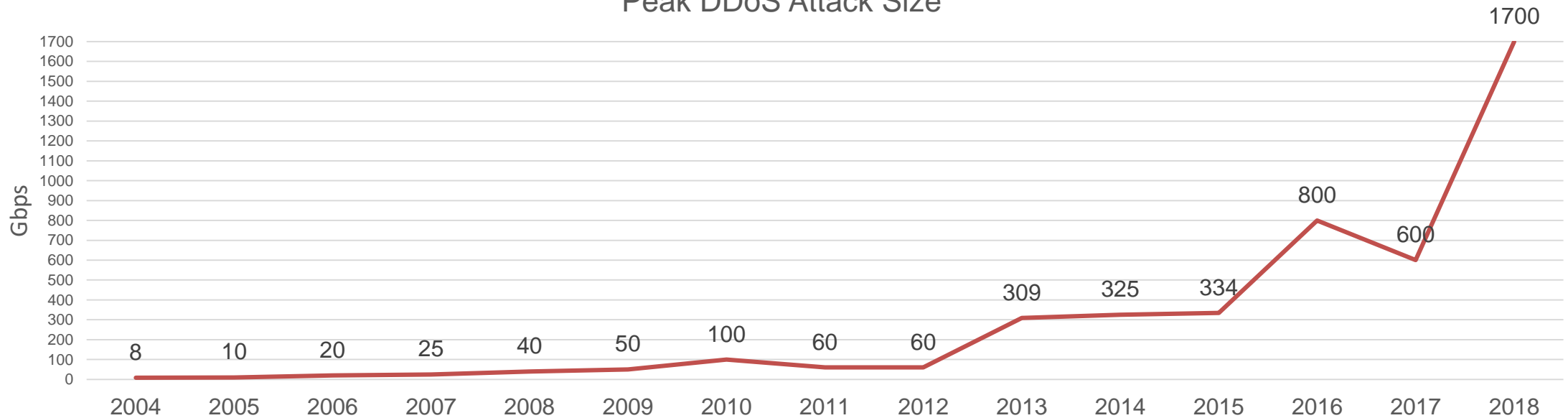
Over half of victims reported a  
financial impact ranging from

**\$10,000 - \$100,000**

Highest cost of DDoS for  
a single attack

**\$2.5 Million**

Peak DDoS Attack Size





# Threat to Critical Infrastructure



Cyber  
Attack

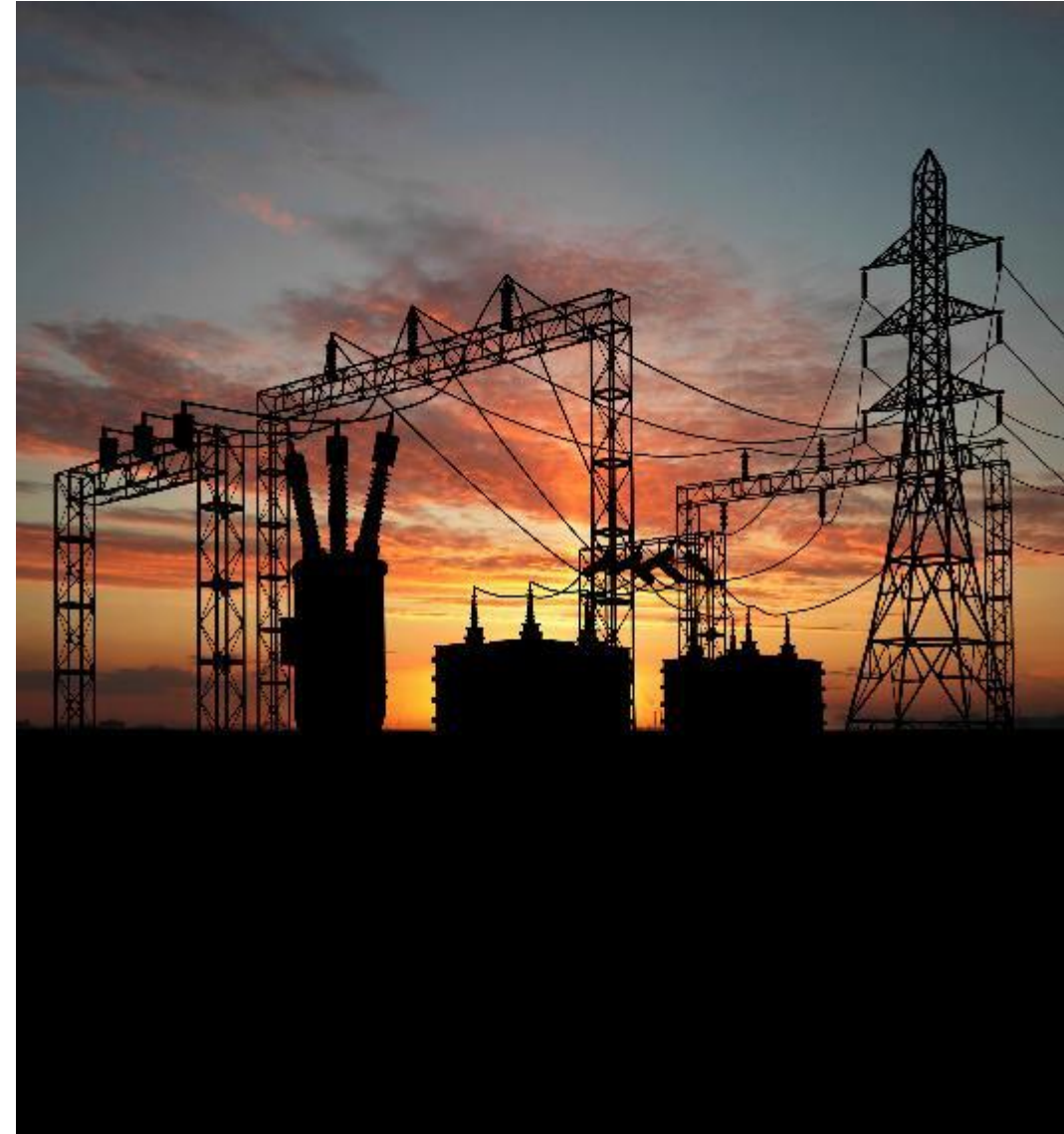
The **greatest potential** for economic loss from cyber attacks is the threat to critical infrastructure.

## Atlanta Cyber Attack – Ransomware

- More than **one third** Atlanta's **necessary programs** were knocked **offline** or partly disabled
- 30% of those affected apps were **"mission critical"**
- Courts Lost 10 years' worth of documents
- **\$2.6 Million spent** with another **\$9.5 Million expected**

## Boeing Cyber Attack - Ransomware

- Two plants completely **shut down**
  - Plant 1: 24 hours
  - Plant 2: 96 hours
- Configuration files that controlled machines were **lost**
- Systems had to be **reinstalled** before production could restart



# Rising Complexity and Sophistication with Less Effort



Cyber  
Attack

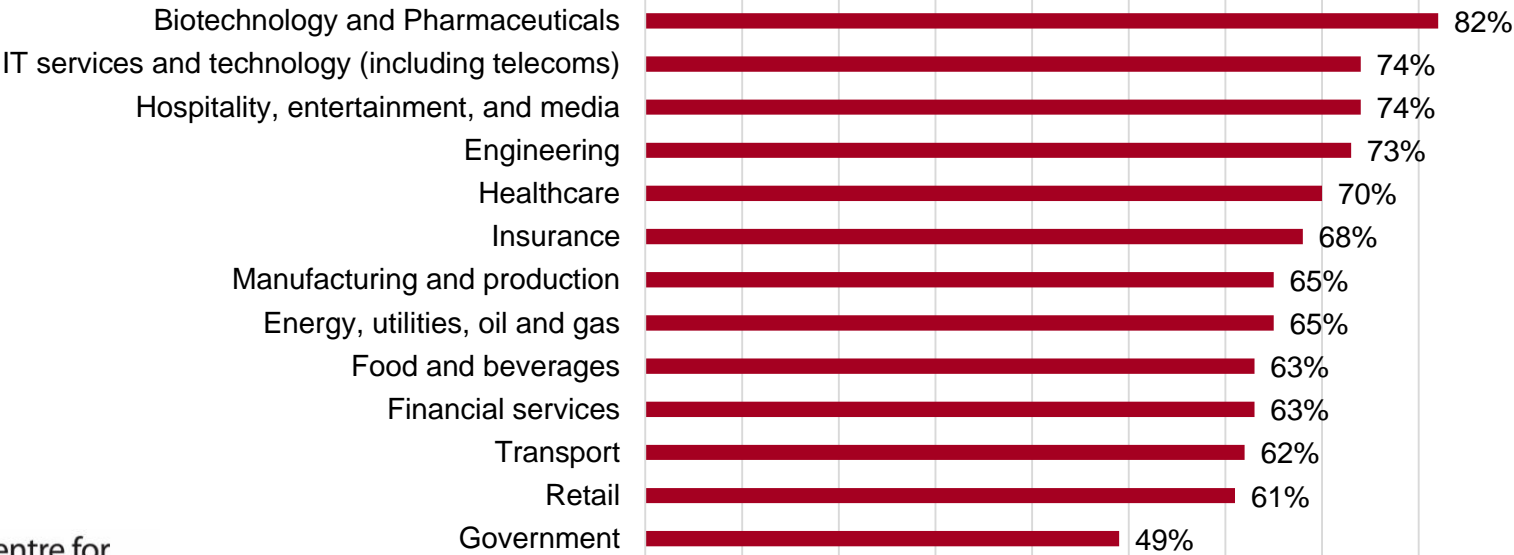
## Supply Chain Attacks

A supply chain attacks seeks to damage an organization by targeting or gaining access to less-secure elements in the supply network

Estimated that **66%** of companies have experienced a supply chain attack.

Costing those companies an average of **\$1.1 million per attack**

Sectors Experiencing a Software Supply Chain Attack



# Rising Complexity and Sophistication with Less Effort



Cyber  
Attack



## State Backed Actors

For private sector companies, state-sponsored groups becoming financially motivated is a worrying trend as these groups are often labelled by the cyber security community as an 'advanced persistent threat' (APT) with the highest levels of training and largest budgets.

## For Sale Malware

The evolution of for-sale malware sold on online black markets forever changed the threat landscape companies face and has resulted in new trends in attack vectors.

Type	Kit Name	Price
Exploit Kits	Whitehole	\$600/ month
	Sweet Orange	\$1800/month
	Elenore	\$1000
	Gpack	\$1000
	Cool (+ crypter + payload)	\$10,000/month
Zero-day	Windows	\$60,000
	Microsoft Office	\$50,000
	Mac OSX	\$20,000
	iOS	\$100,000
	Chrome/Internet Explorer	\$80,000
	Adobe Reader	\$50,000

Centre for  
**Risk Studies**

---



UNIVERSITY OF  
CAMBRIDGE  
Judge Business School