



Cambridge Global Risk Index 2017
5 December 2016

Cambridge Global Risk Vision

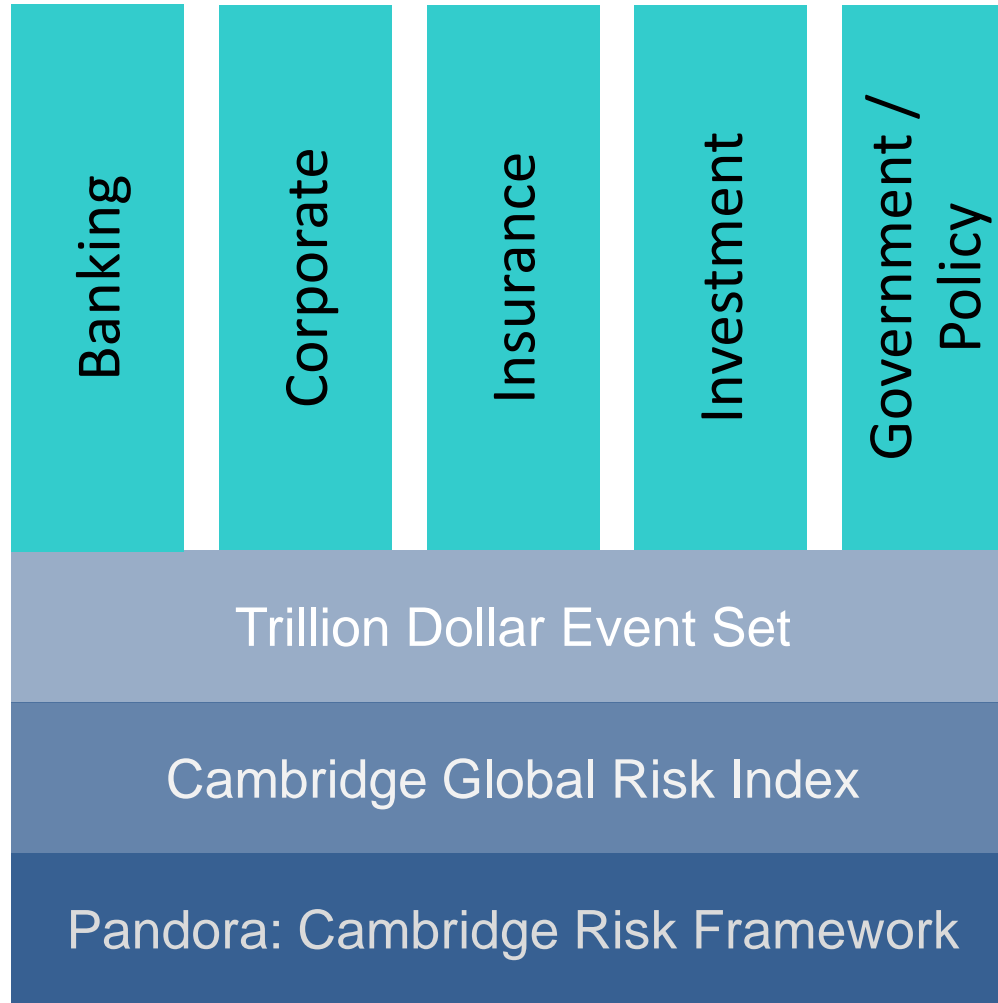
Centre for
Risk Studies



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Judge Business School

Prof Danny Ralph
Academic Director
Cambridge Centre for Risk Studies

Vision for Cambridge Risk Framework: Risk Science for Resilience



Cambridge Centre for Risk Studies Research Team 2016

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- 
- 1. Catastronomics: The Economics of Catastrophe**
 - 2. Cities: A Foundation for Cambridge Global Risk Analytics**
 - 3. Project Pandora: The Management of Tail Risk**

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Catastrophic Failures of Complex Systems

- Motivated to understand
 - Catastrophe modeling and extreme risk analytics
 - Failure of complex systems and networks
 - Science of resilience to catastrophic failures
- To answer questions such as:

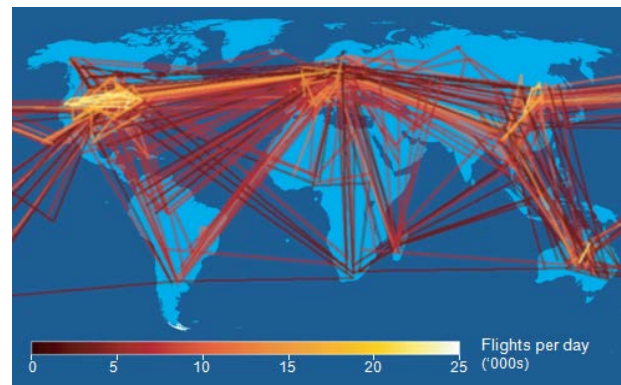
How would

[War in China] affect [Trade Networks] and impact [Global Economy]?

Regional Conflict Scenario



System@Risk: Air Travel Network



Loss metrics

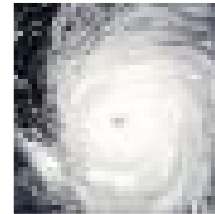


Beyond NatCat: Cambridge Taxonomy of Threats

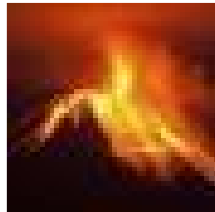
Natural Catastrophe



Earthquake



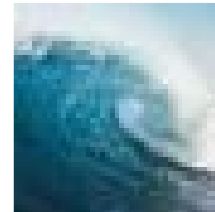
Windstorm



Volcanic
Eruption



Flood



Tsunami

Beyond NatCat: Cambridge Taxonomy of Threats

Financial Shock



FinCat



Asset Bubble



Financial Irregularity



Market Crash

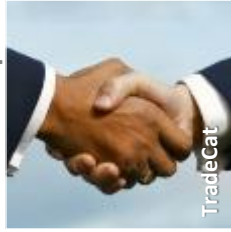


Sovereign Default



Bank Run

Trade Dispute



TradeCat



Labour Dispute



Trade Sanctions



Cartel Pressure



Nationalization



Tariff War

Geopolitical Conflict



WarCat



Conventional War



Asymmetric War



External Force



Civil War



Nuclear War

Political Violence



HateCat



Terrorism



Separatism



Organized Crime



Assassination



Social Unrest

Natural Catastrophe



NatCat



Earthquake



Windstorm



Volcanic Eruption



Flood



Tsunami

Climatic Catastrophe



WeatherCat



Drought



Freeze



Tornado & Hail



Electric Storm



Heatwave

Environmental Catastrophe



EcoCat



Sea Level Rise



Ocean System Change



Wildfire

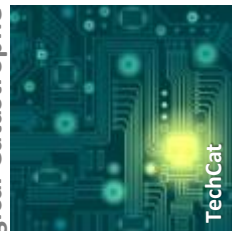


Pollution Event



Atmospheric System Change

Technological Catastrophe



TechCat



Nuclear Meltdown



Industrial Accident



Cyber Catastrophe



Technological Accident



Infrastructure Failure

Disease Outbreak



HealthCat



Human Epidemic



Animal Epidemic



Waterborne Epidemic



Zoonosis



Plant Epidemic

Humanitarian Crisis



AidCat



Famine



Water Supply Failure



Child Poverty



Welfare System Failure



Refugee Crisis

Externality



SpaceCat



Meteorite



Solar Storm



Space Threat



Ozone Layer Collapse



Satellite System Failure

Other



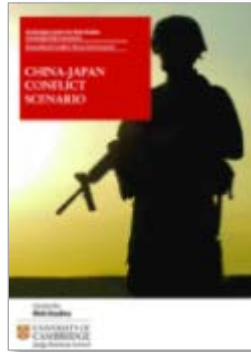
NextCat



CCRS Research Outputs: Explorations of individual threats



Taxonomy of Threats



Geopolitical Conflict
Emerging Risk Scenario



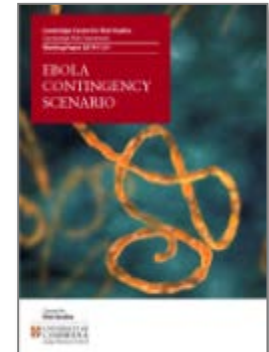
Pandemic
Emerging Risk Scenario



Cyber Catastrophe
Emerging Risk Scenario



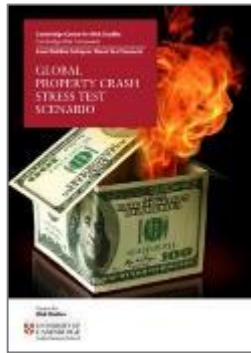
Social Unrest
Emerging Risk Scenario



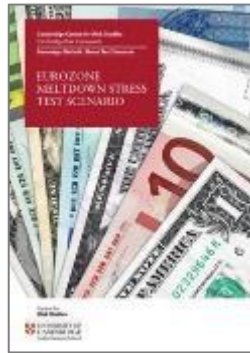
Ebola
Emerging Risk Scenario



Financial Catastrophes



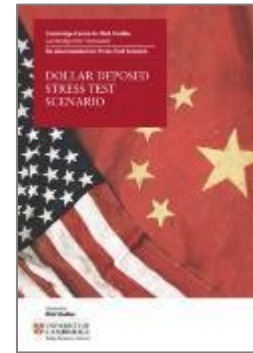
Global Property Crash
Financial Risk Scenario



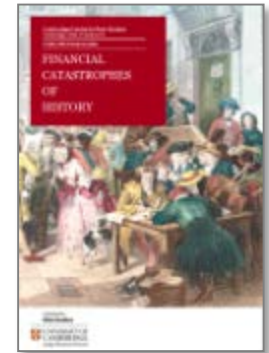
Eurozone Meltdown
Financial Risk Scenario



High Inflation
Financial Risk Scenario



Dollar Dethroned
Financial Risk Scenario



Historical Crises
Financial Risk



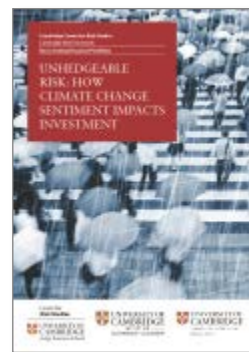
Cyber Accumulation
Insurance Risk Report



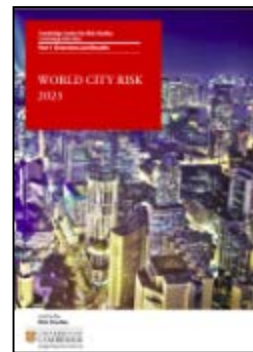
NatCat FinCats
Clash Report



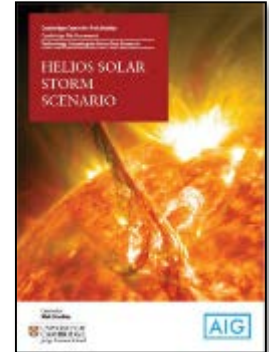
Business Blackout
Lloyds Emerging Risk Report



Climate Change
Investor Sentiment Shock



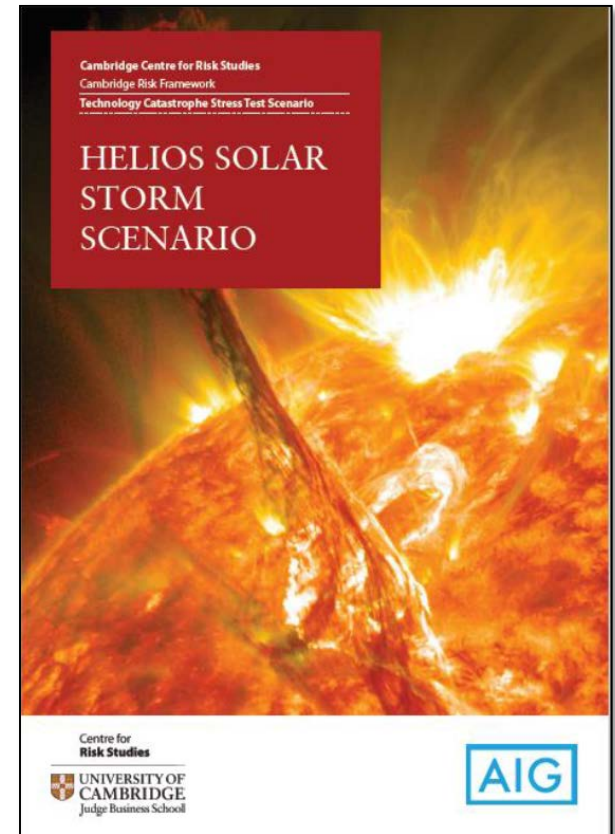
World City Risk 2025
Lloyds Co-Branded Report



Solar Storm
Emerging Risk Scenario

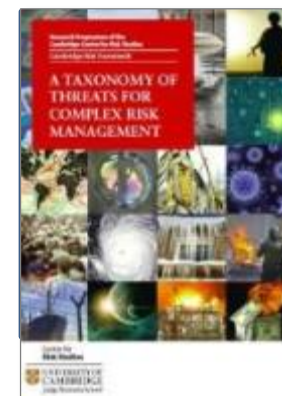
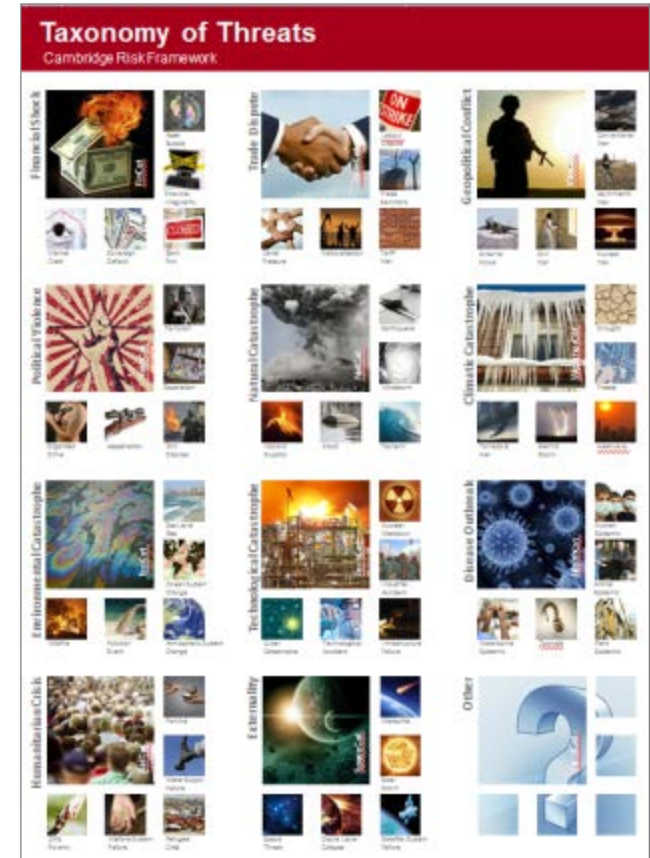
Recent Publication: Solar Storm Scenario

- National power grids suffer damage from electromagnetic flux
- Damage to 6% of EHV transformers in US
- Catastrophic US power outage
 - **2-9 Billion person-days of lost power**
 - **5% of the population is out for 5 months**
- Cost to US economy
\$200 Bn – \$1.2 Tn (1.4% - 8%)
- Cost to global economy
\$500 Bn – \$2.7 Tn (0.7% - 4%)
- US insurance payouts
\$60–300+ Bn



Why are These the Threats to Worry About?

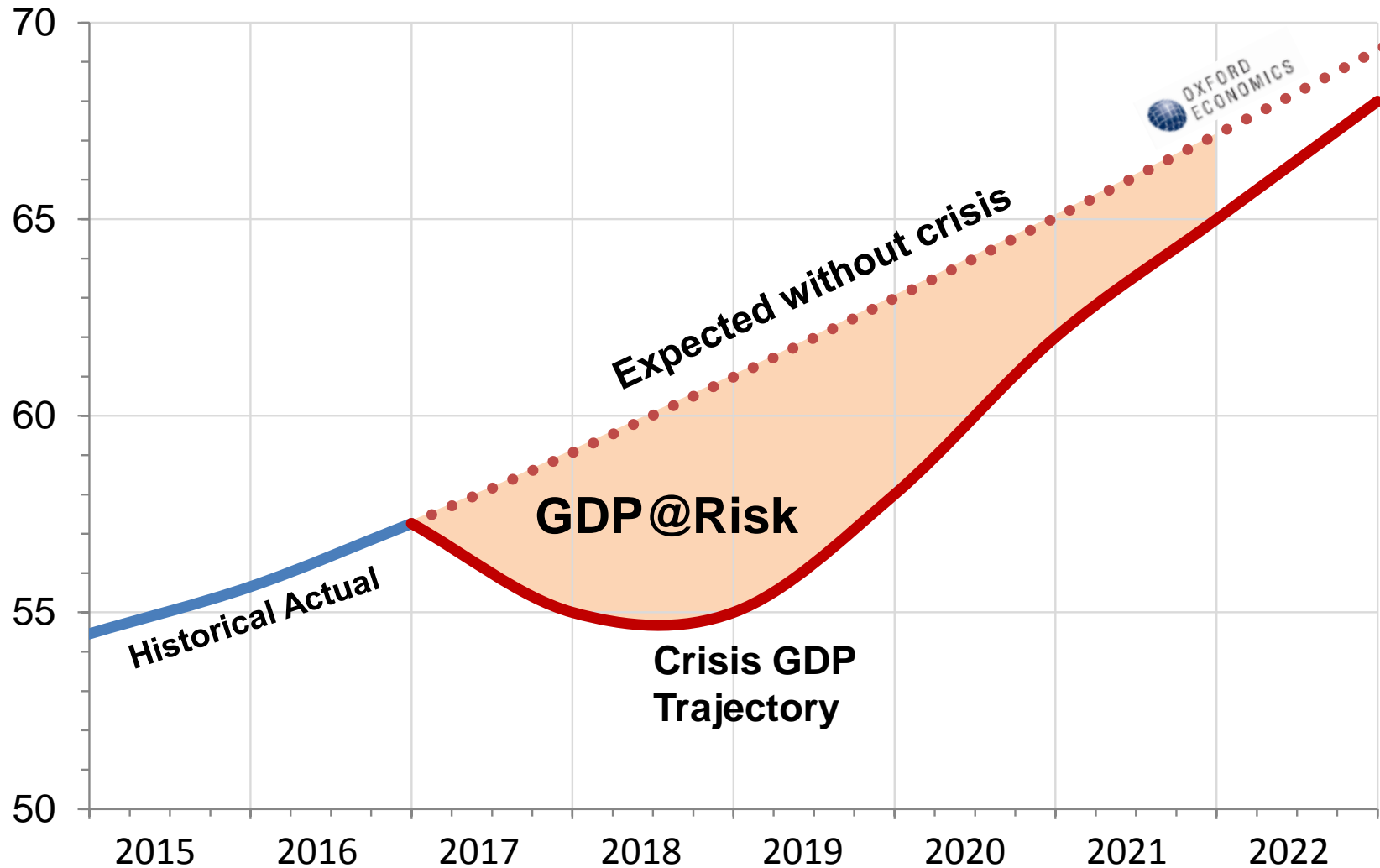
- Extensive review of potential causes of macroeconomic shocks
 - Used 1000 years of historical records
- The review included
 - A. Chronological Histories
 - B. Disaster Catalogues
 - C. Counter-factual evidence
 - D. Scientific conjecture
 - E. Peer review
 - F. Other Approaches
- 11 broad families of threat with around 50 threat types. Focus:
 - 20+ threats from taxonomy
 - Most important risks from known threat universe



The Cambridge Centre for Risk Studies publication that describes the development of the Cambridge Threat Taxonomy

Available for Download from Website:
CambridgeRiskFramework.com

GDP@Risk as a metric for comparing impacts



Single Threat Scenario GDP@Risk

Cambridge Single Threat Scenarios		GDP@Risk (\$Trillion)
		Standard Scenario
	Geopolitical Conflict China-Japan Conflict	17
	Asset Bubble Shock Global Property Crash	13
	Pandemic Sao Paulo Virus	7
	Sovereign Default Shock Eurozone Meltdown	11
	Food and energy price spiral High Inflation World	5
	Cyber Catastrophe Sybil Logic Bomb	5
	Social Unrest Millennial Uprising	2
	De-Americanisation of Financial System Dollar Deposed	2
2008 Great Financial Crisis		18

- 
1. **Catastronomics: The Economics of Catastrophe**
 2. **Cities: A Foundation for Cambridge Global Risk Analytics**
 3. **Project Pandora: The Management of Tail Risk**

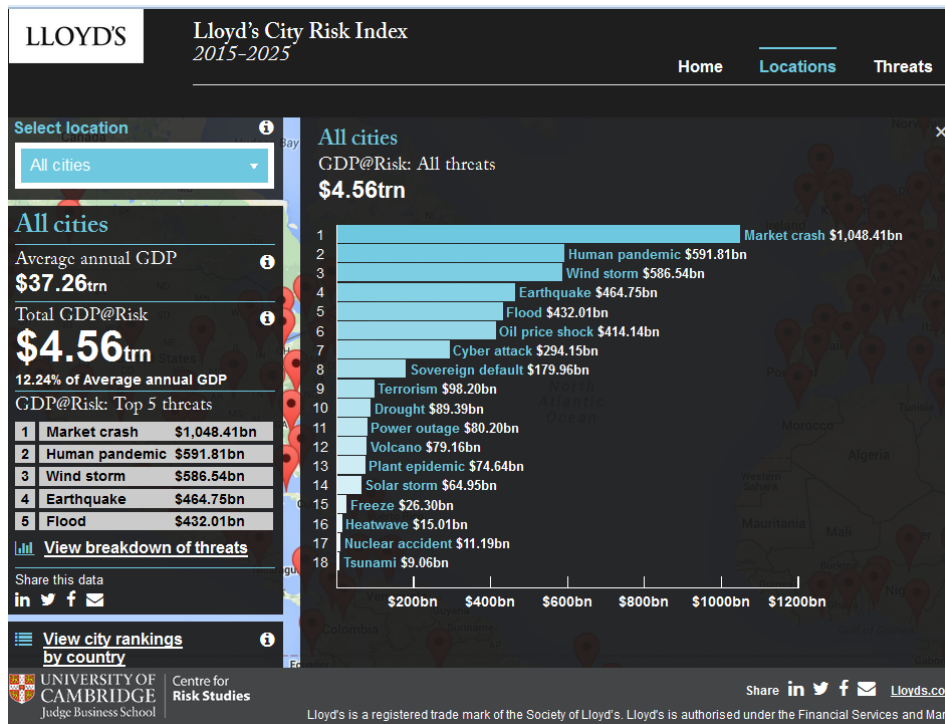
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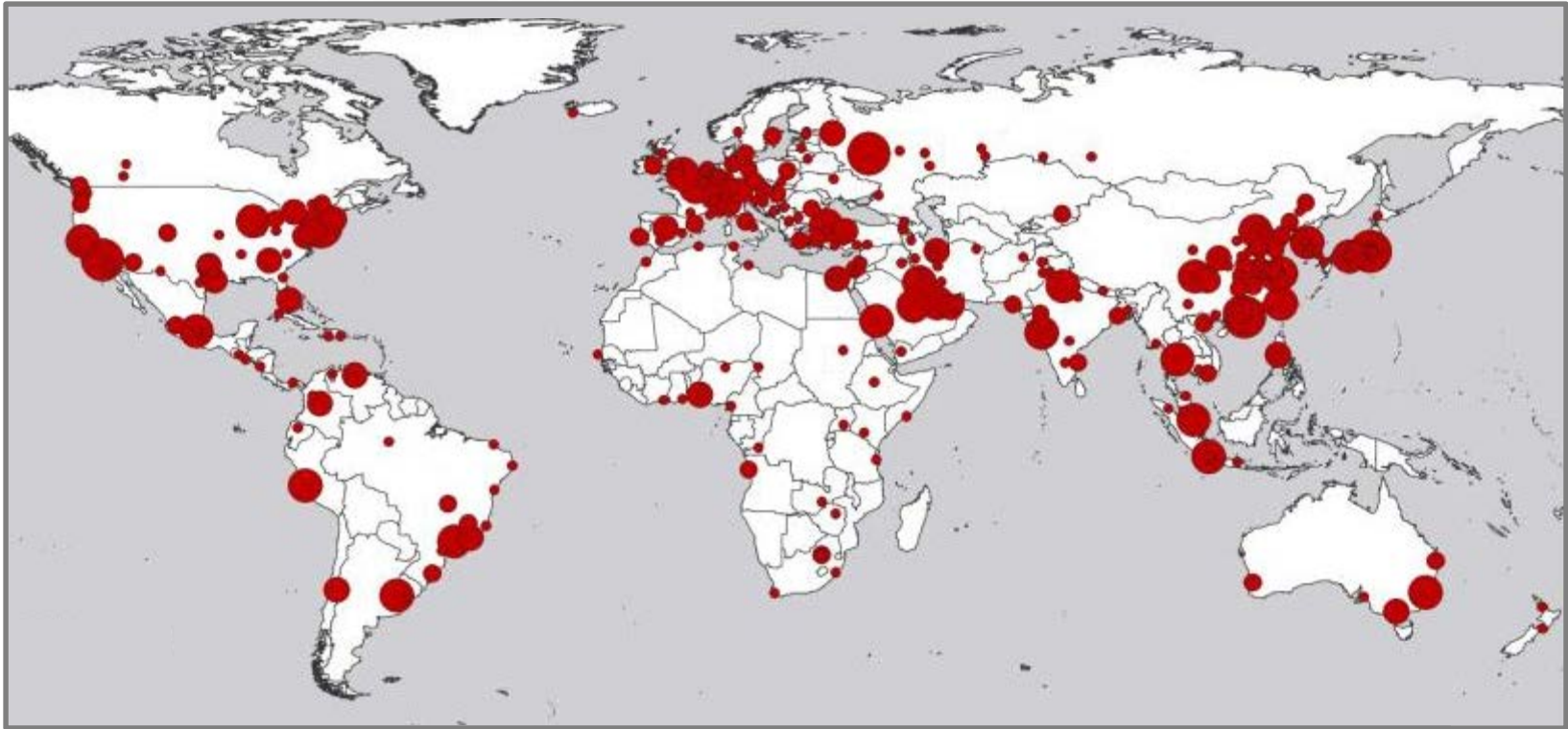
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Lloyd's Cities Risk Index 2015-2025

- Launch at Lloyd's, 3 September 2015
- Cities Risk Index assesses the GDP@Risk for 300 cities and 18 threats
- <http://www.lloyds.com/cityriskindex/>



The 300



We picked the 'A List' of the world's cities for this analysis, which:

- Are responsible for **half** of the World's GDP today
- Will be responsible for **two-thirds** of the World's GDP in **2025**
- Are the largest cities in the 50 largest economies in the world
 - Top 25 cities in US (#1 economy) and top 32 cities in China (#2 economy)
 - Between 5 and 12 top cities for each of the rest of the top 17 economies
- Include all cities over 3m population in the world
- Consist of half of the world's capital cities

A History of Urban Economic Shocks



Earthquake

Event: Great Hanshin
earthquake (1995)
Location: Kobe, Japan

The 300 cities have experienced many catastrophes over the past 50 years



Lost more than a million of their citizens to earthquakes



Seen a third or more of their economic capital wiped out by stock market crashes 5 times



Experienced thousands of cyber attacks



Half of them have suffered a serious flood



A quarter of them have been flooded more than 5 times



32 cities have had to cope with a volcanic eruption less than 100 km away



Suffered more than 1,000 terrorist car bombs in city centres



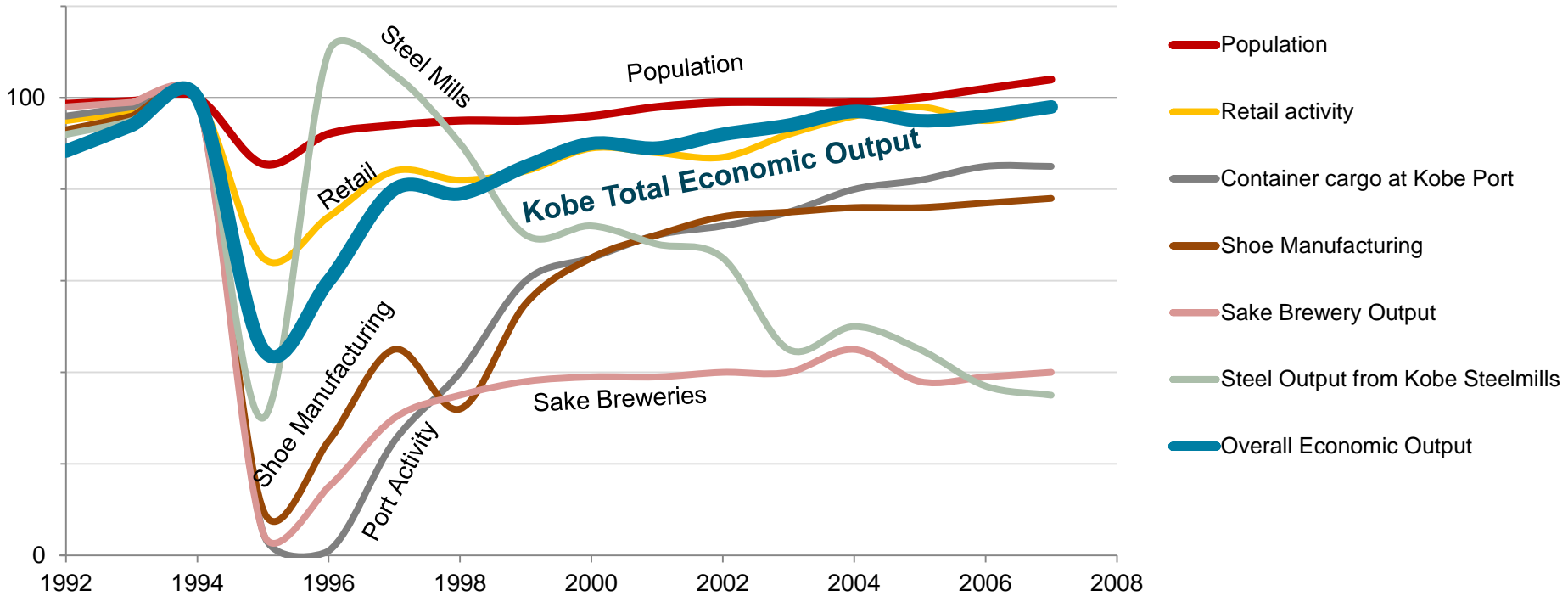
Financial crisis of their governments defaulting on sovereign debts on 50 occasions



Had to combat the outbreak of a previously unknown disease five times

Catastrophics for Cities

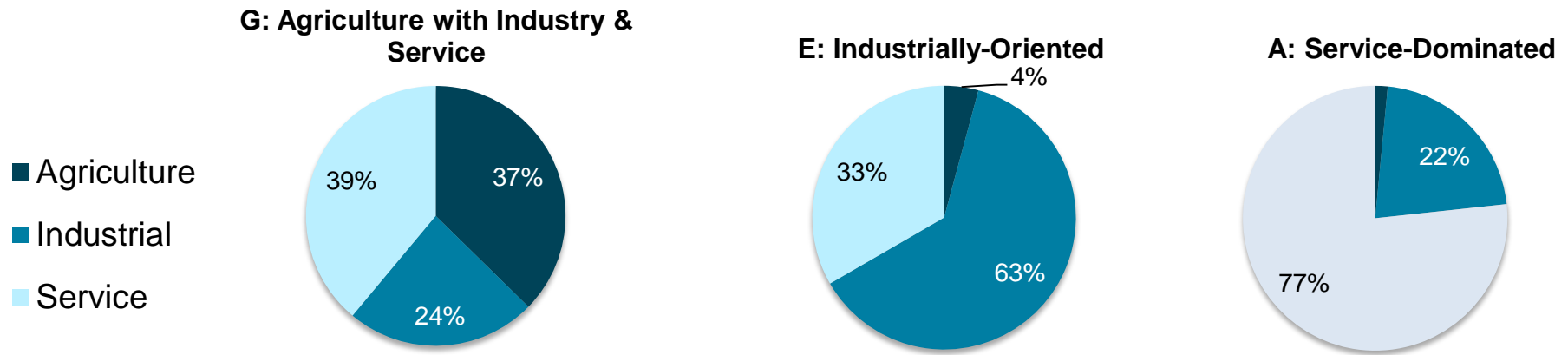
Impact of 1995 Earthquake on Kobe, Japan



- Great Hanshin earthquake January 17, 1995, Magnitude 7.3
- Death toll 6,400; Direct damage costs \$100 billion
- The port of Kobe, one of the world's busiest, was destroyed
- Kobe Steel Ltd, major steel maker, heavily damaged
- 80% of shoe factories damaged
- 50% of the region's sake breweries put out of action
- Kobe's economic output halved in 1995, reducing Japan's total industrial output by 2.6 percent

A Standardized Economic Profile of Each City

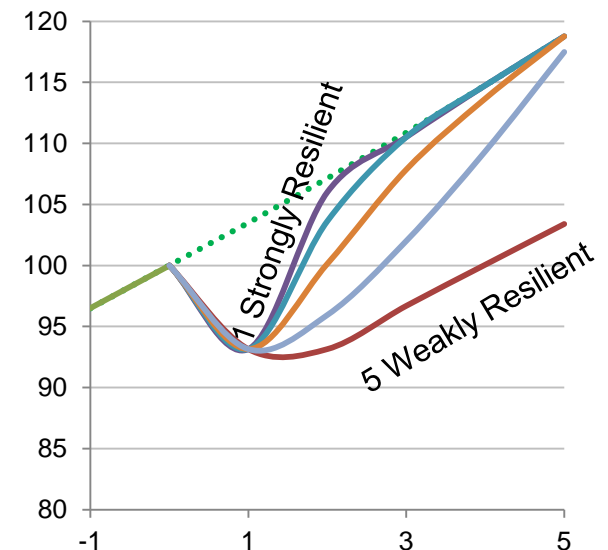
■ City economy is categorized by type



■ City resilience assessment

Resilience index (1-5) for cities based on four factors (cf, ND-GAIN)

Governance; Social coherence; Economic strength; Infrastructure



Standardized Approach to All Threats

Finance, Economics and Trade



Market
Crash



Sovereign
Crisis



Commodity
Prices

Geopolitics and Security



Interstate
Conflict



Terrorism



Separatism
Conflict



Social
Unrest

Natural Catastrophe and Climate



Earthquake



Tropical
Windstorm



Temperate
Windstorm



Tsunami



Flood



Volcanic
Eruption



Drought



Freeze



Heatwave

Technology and Space



Nuclear
Accident



Power
Outage



Cyber
Attack



Solar
Storm

Health and Humanity



Human
Pandemic



Plant
Epidemic

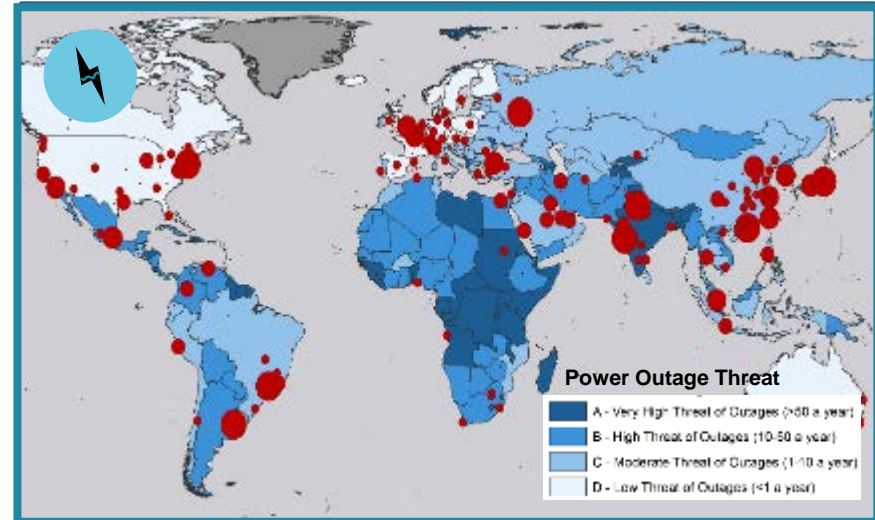
Delhi Example: Threat Event Analysis of Expected Loss



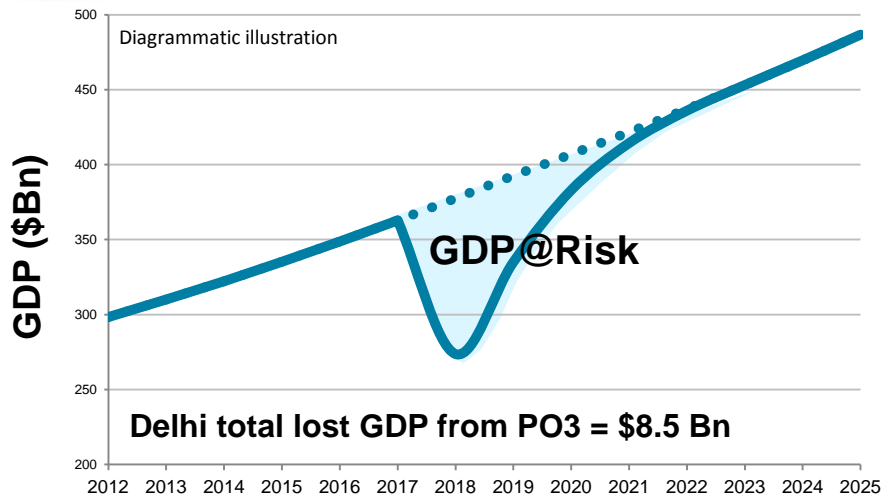
Power Outage

Localized Impact Severity

- PO1** One City-Day of Power Loss (100% of city loses power for 1 day or 50% of city loses power for 2 days, etc.)
- PO2** A 5-City-Day event (100% of city loses power for 5 days, 50% of city loses power for 10 days, etc.)
- PO3** A 10 City-Day event (100% of city loses power for 10 days)



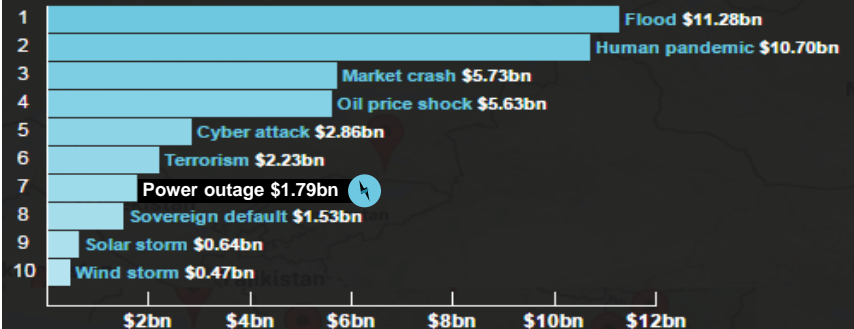
The Impact of a Power Outage Event PO3 on Delhi occurring in 2017



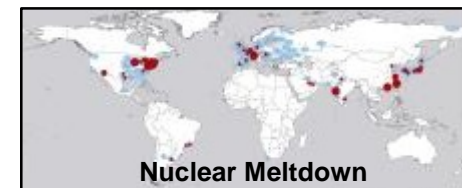
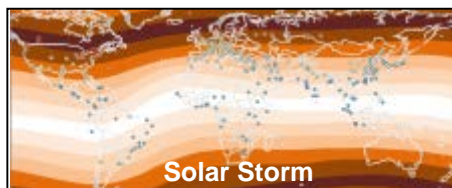
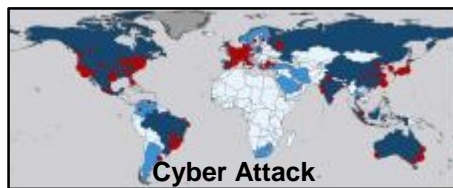
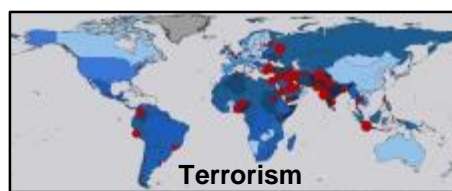
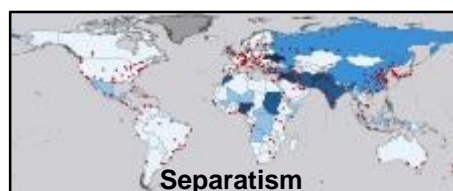
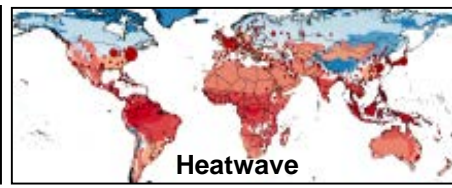
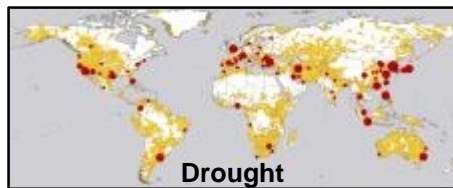
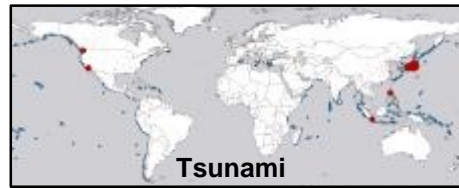
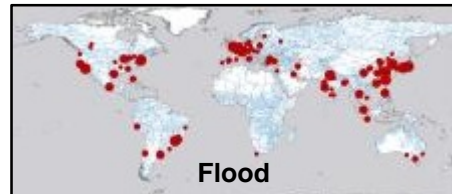
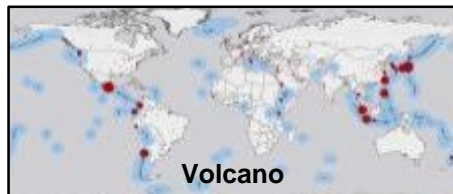
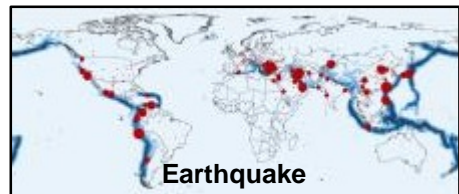
Delhi

GDP@Risk: All threats

\$44.02bn



Geographical Mapping of All the Threats



- 
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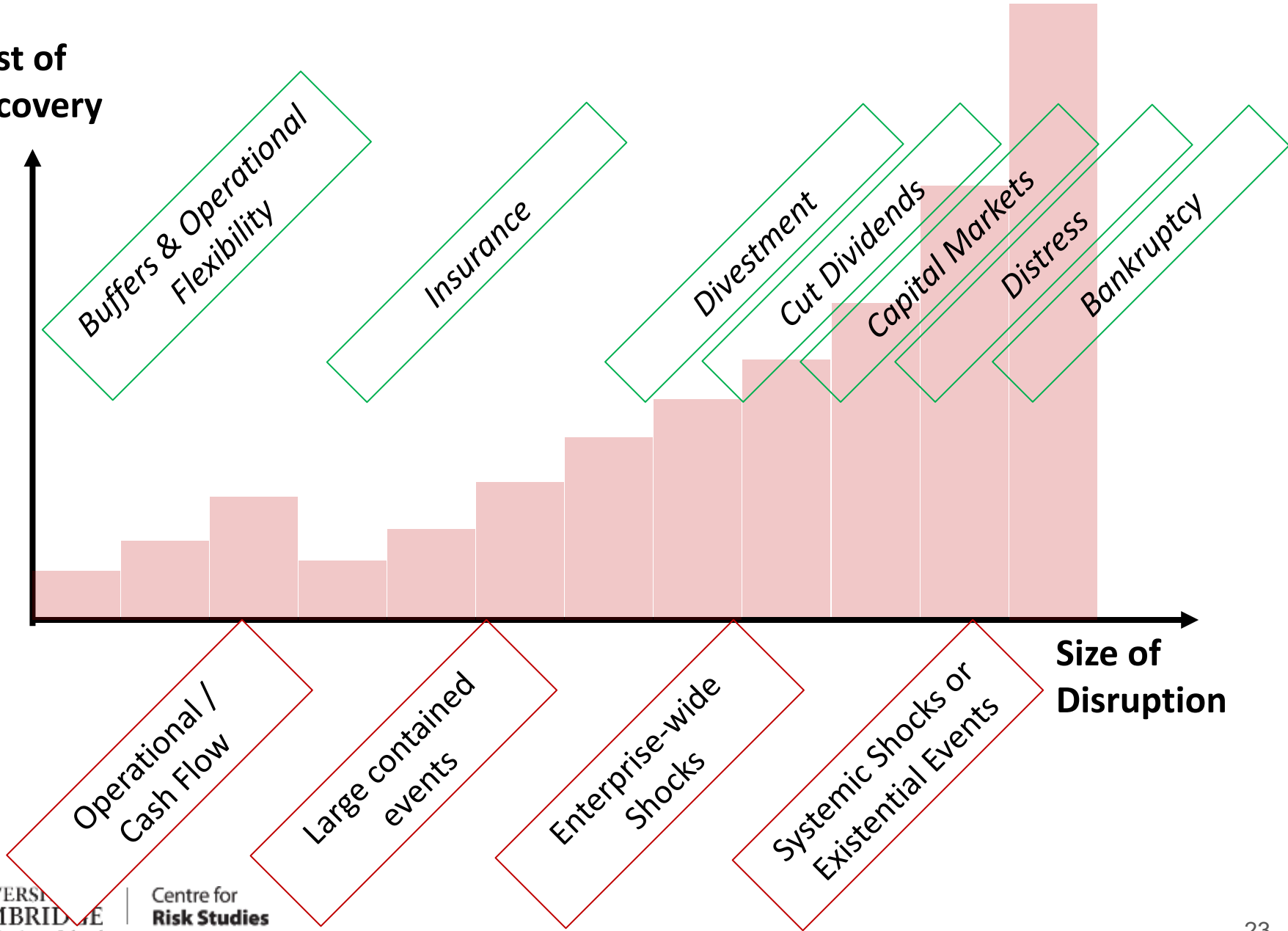
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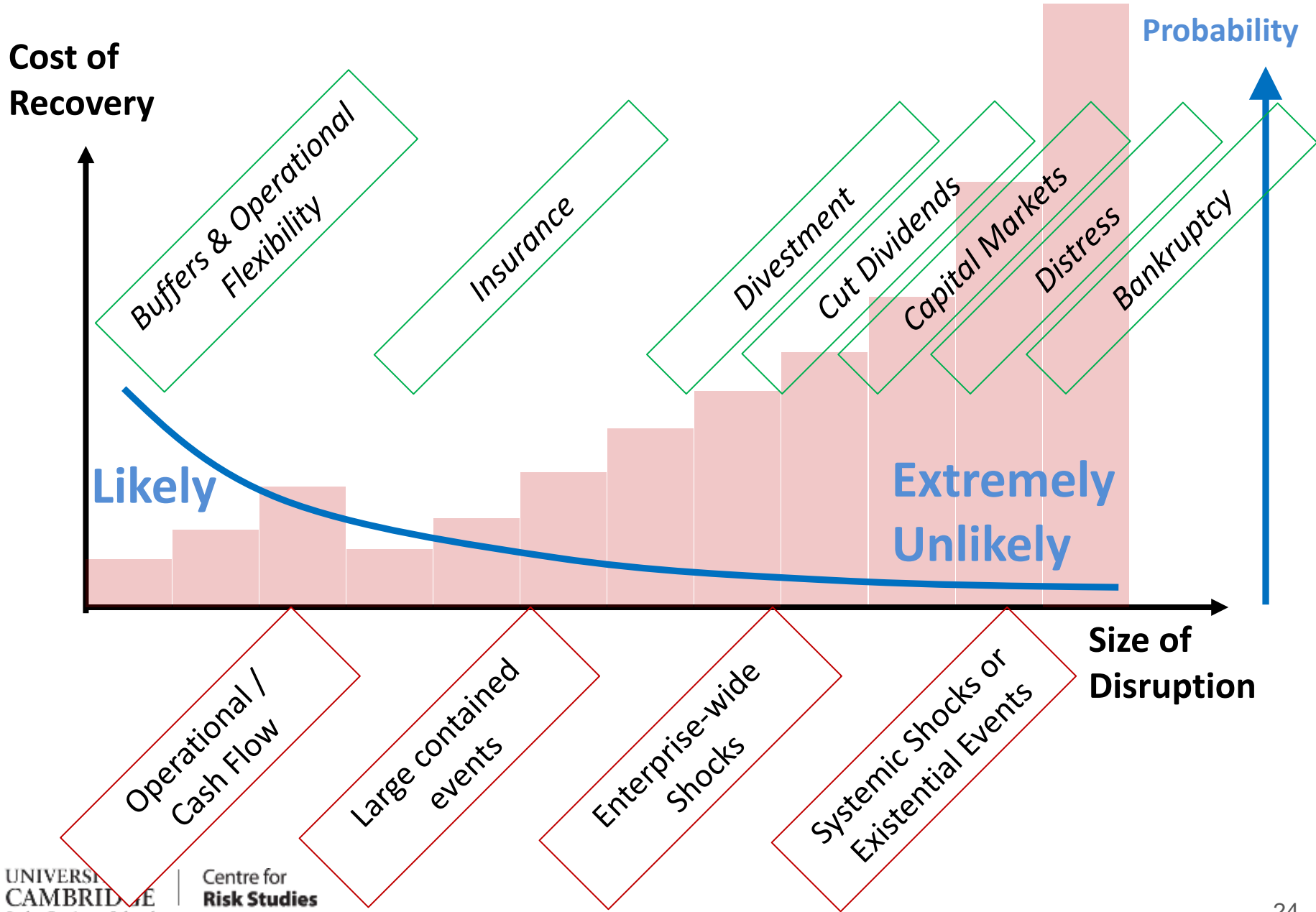
Tail Risks and Top Risks

Cost of Recovery



Size of Disruption

Tail Risks and Top Risks



“Recurring damage from non-recurring events”

Take 22 categories of threats [and the rest!]

For your organisation, looking beyond

- ordinary or acceptable cash flow shocks,
- large but insured disasters – painful but manageable:

How often do you experience

- a dividend threatening event?
- a downgrade to your credit rating?
- ... or worse?

A trillion dollar global economic shock every 8 years !!

Developing Business Ready Tools: “Use Cases”

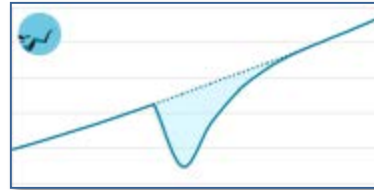
- A major innovation of Centre for Risk Studies has been to standardise shock assessment
 - Express costs & benefits of resilience via financial metrics for risk, like GDP@Risk
- “Corporate Risk Profiling” for quantifying balance sheet risk
 - ⇒ “Assets@Risk” for manufacturing and finance
 - ⇒ “Revenue@Risk” for disruption of markets
- Insurance & Finance
 - ⇒ “Insurance@Risk” for probable maximal loss
 - ⇒ “Underwriting@Risk” for (new) insurance products
 - ⇒ “Investments@Risk” for financial portfolios
- Government policy
 - ⇒ “Infrastructure@Risk”
- International capital markets
 - ⇒ Accounting standards for expected losses from shocks

A Toolkit for Risk Science: Quantifying Resilience

Threat Maps



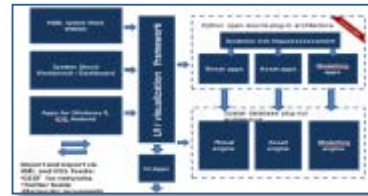
Risk Models & Output Data



Scenarios



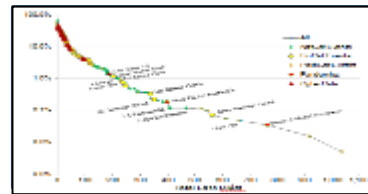
Software Platform (Cambridge Risk Framework)



Exposure Data



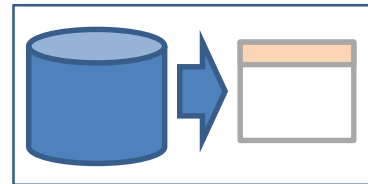
Use Cases – Business Applications



Network Models



Private Portals, APIs and modeling interfaces



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