**Cambridge Judge Business School** 

**Centre for Risk Studies** 

CAMBRIDGE RISK BRIEFING

# BLAST FROM THE PAST: REPLAYING THE 20<sup>TH</sup> CENTURY IN CATASTROPHES

Tamara Evan

Research Assistant

Cambridge Centre for Risk Studies

Centre for Risk Studies





# History is the first stress test



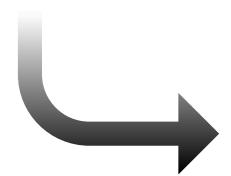


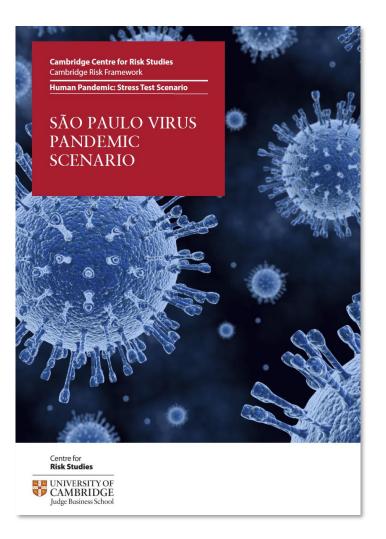


# **History is the first stress test**











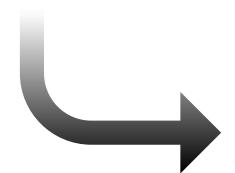


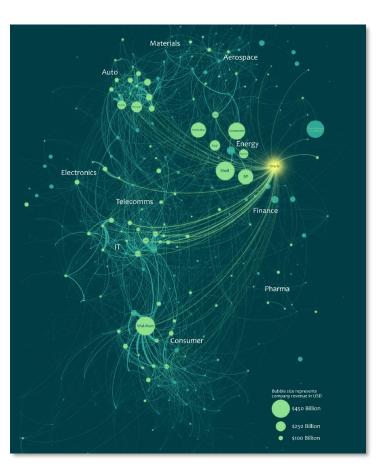


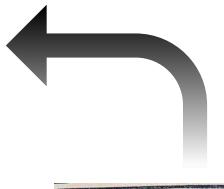
# History is the first stress test







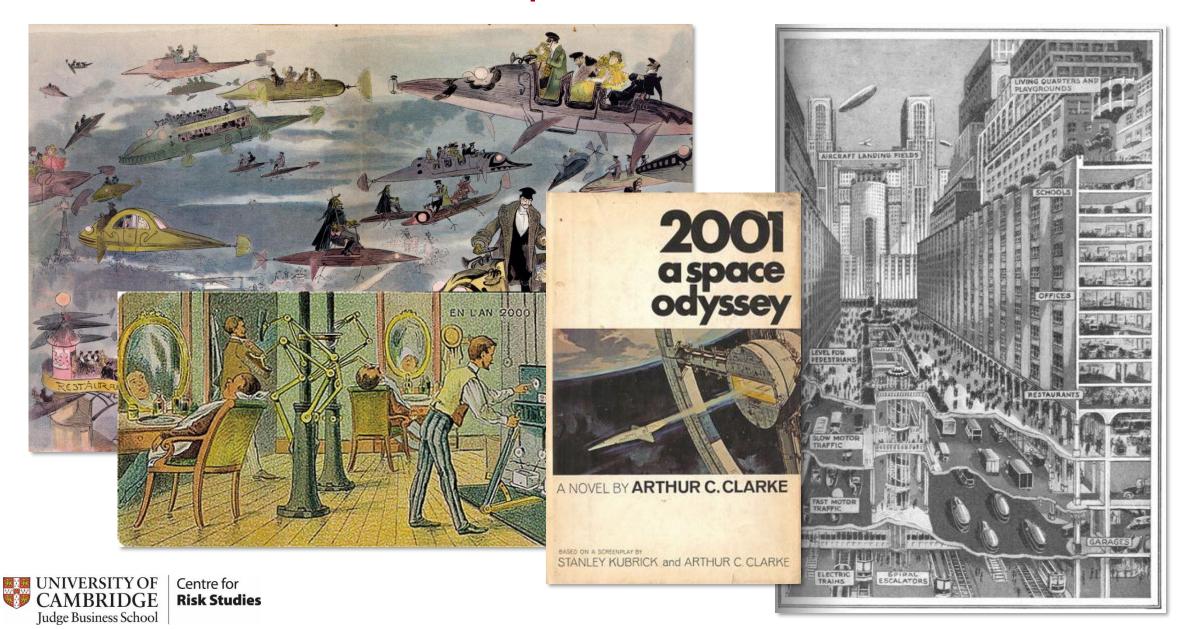








#### We can't predict the future...



#### ...but we keep trying anyway

14,881 views | Apr 23, 2019, 04:00am

# Why Fintech Should Embrace The Fourth Industrial Revolution

# POMPEO CELEBRATES DEATH OF GLOBALISM AT DAVOS SPEECH: 'NATIONS MATTER'

How Trump Offered NASA Unlimited Funding to Go to Mars in His First Term

Climate change

By Olivia Nuzzi

# We have 12 years to limit climate change catastrophe, warns UN

Urgent changes needed to cut risk of extreme heat, drought, floods and poverty, says IPCC

Overwhelmed by climate change? Here's what

Artificial intelligence will become the next new human right

That is, if Salesforce CEO Marc Benioff is to be believed.

#### 'Tipping point' risk for Arctic hotspot

By Roger Harrabin BBC environment analyst

() 24 January 2019









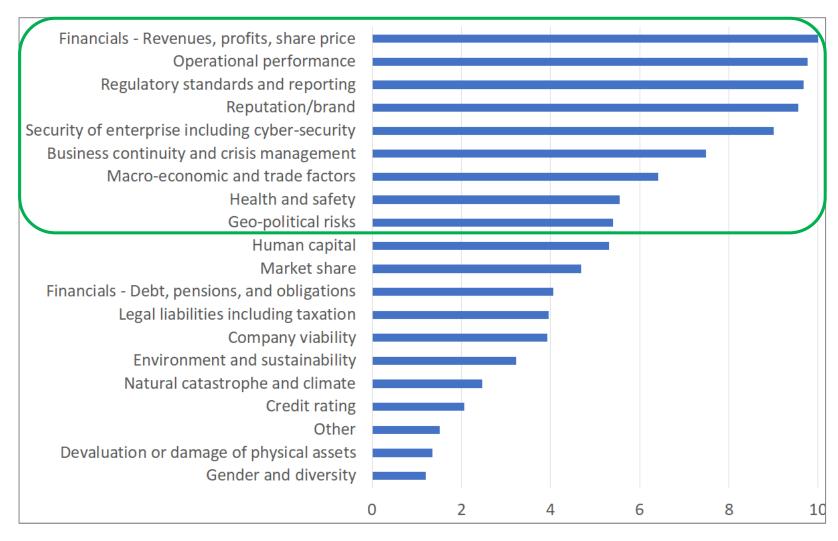




# **Index of Top Risks Facing 2018 Companies in Next 12 Months**

#### Top 5 risks

- Risk Financials
- Operations
- Regulation
- Reputation
- Security including Cyber





Source: Cambridge Centre for Risk Studies 2018 ERM Survey

# **Index of Top Risks Facing 1918 Companies**

#### **Next 12 months**

Introduction of Prohibition in the United States



Versailles Peace Conference

Introduction of the 8-hour work day in much of Europe

Steel and coal strikes in the US



Beginning of hyper-inflation in Germany



The Great Florida Keys Hurricane



Spanish Influenza epidemic

#### **Next 3 years**



Depression of 1920-21



Rise of the Nazi party in Germany



Mexican Revolution and Irish War of Independence

Widespread introduction of women's suffrage



Radio advertising and mass media communications



1923 Great Kanto Earthquake



1922 creation of the Soviet Union

#### Next 5 years

Largescale adoption of cars and television

Broad return to the gold standard



Dawes Plan and spiralling hyperinflation in Germany

Wider entry of women into the workplace



Rise of communism and fascism worldwide

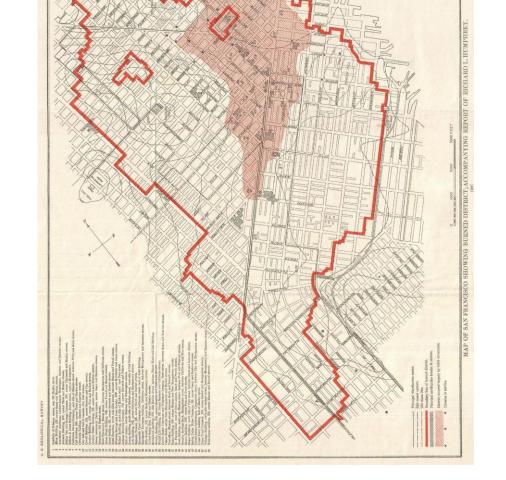
Mass migration to urban centres

Revival of United States nativism



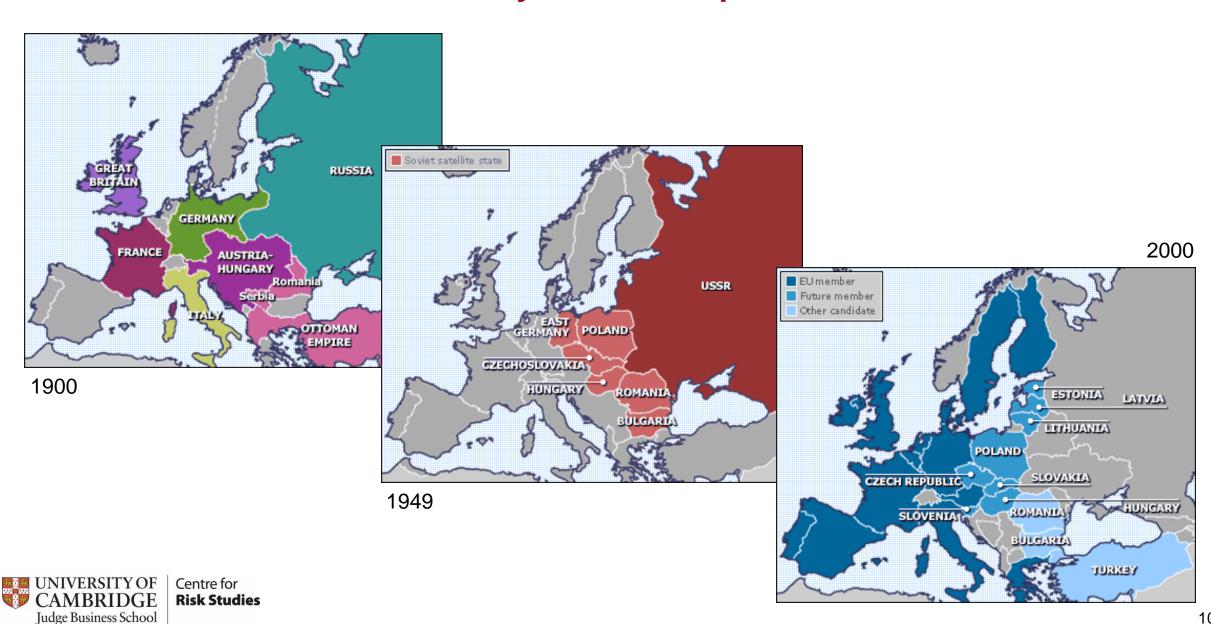
#### 1906 San Francisco Earthquake

- A 7.9 magnitude earthquake struck Northern California on the morning of 18 April, 1906, levelling 80% of the City of San Francisco, then the 7<sup>th</sup> largest city in the United States
- Ruptured gas lines caused fires which burned 500 city blocks over the course of four days and nights
- Starting in 1885, Lloyd's underwriter Cuthbert Heath had established the market's first 'non-marine' syndicate, which provided \$50 million (now \$1bn) in earthquake cover in San Francisco
- In honouring all policies held in the city, Lloyd's was validated as an overseas risk insurer and the market for nonmarine risks became more competitive
- During the Great Kantō earthquake of 1923, nascent fire reinsurers were vastly overexposed and ambiguous on their policy structures, and thus only repaid 10% of claims on 1.5 billion yen (now \$17bn) in insured losses.

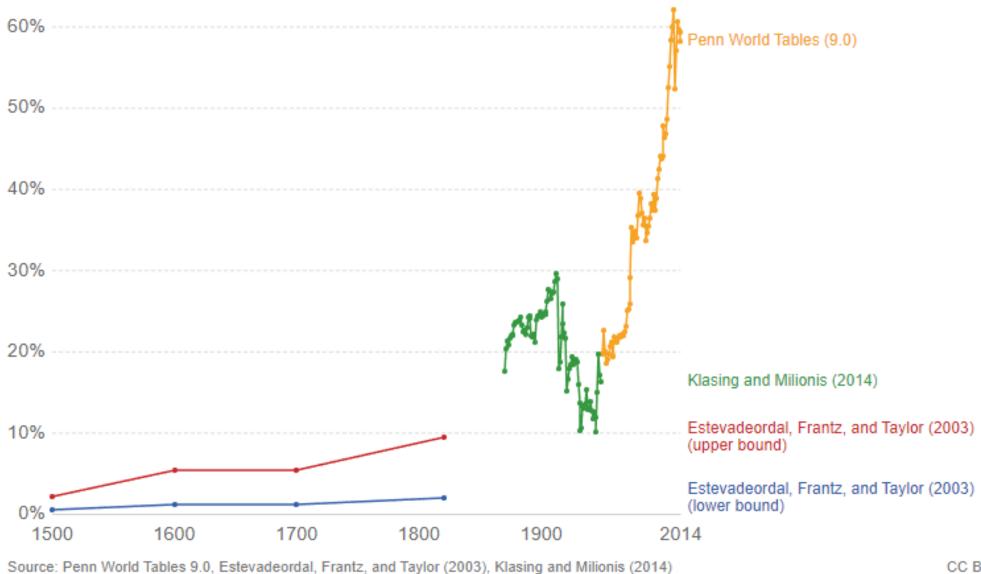




# 100 years in Europe



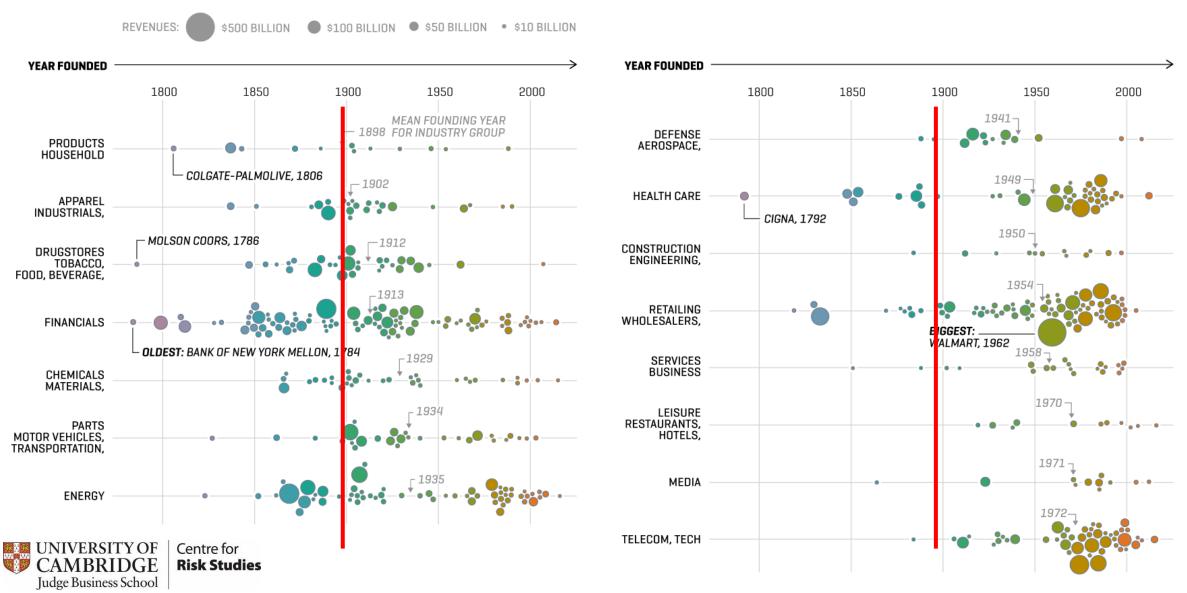
# The rise and fall and rise and fall of globalisation



11

#### How long can a business last?

#### EACH CIRCLE REPRESENTS A FORTUNE 500 COMPANY.



# How long can a business last?

3M	131	97
Abbott Laboratories	320	111
Alcoa	35	262
Archer Daniels	155	48
Avon Products	455	485
Boeing	20	27
BorgWarner	81	301
Bristol-Myers Squibb	419	145
Campbell Soup	88	358
Caterpillar	75	65
CBS	13	197
Celanese	210	455
ChevronTexaco	18	13
Coca-Cola	126	87
Colgate-Palmolive	115	184
ConocoPhillips	30	95
Crown Holdings	268	338
Cummins	434	149
Deere	104	102
Dow Chemical (DowDuPont)	69	47

DuPont (DowDuPont)	10	47
ExxonMobil	2	2
Freeport-McMoRan	443	176
General Electric	4	18
General Dynamics	41	99
General Mills	56	182
General Motors	1	10
Goodyear Tire and Rubber	19	187
Hershey Foods	197	379
Honeywell International	51	77
Hormel Foods	92	323
IBM	435	34
International Paper	36	124
Johnson & Johnson	159	37
Kellogg	186	226
Kimberly-Clark	177	163
Kraft Foods	17	114
Lear	462	148
Lockheed Martin	34	59
McGraw Hill (S&P Global)	380	463

McGraw Hill (S&P Global)	380	463
Merck	212	78
Monsanto	87	199
Navistar International	22	342
NCR	116	432
Northrop Grumman	183	118
Owens Corning	227	442
Owens-Illinois	89	410
PepsiCo	364	45
Pfizer	215	57
Procter and Gamble	27	42
Raytheon	178	119
Rockwell Automation	42	445
Sealed Air	74	456
Textron	292	208
United States Steel	3	246
United Technologies	39	51
Weyerhaeuser	114	394



# A replay of the 20<sup>th</sup> Century

#### **Financial & Economic**

- 1929 Great Depression
- 1973 oil price shock
- 1987 Black Monday

#### **Environmental**

- 1931 China floods
- 1907 San Francisco earthquake
- 1993 Superstorm

# 1939-1945 World War II

**Geopolitical & Security** 

- 1914-1918 World War I
- 1979 Iranian Revolution

#### **Social & Humanitarian**

- 1918-1920 Spanish flu
- 1967 Foot and mouth disease
- Post WWII decolonisation

#### **Technological**

- 1965 Northeast blackout
- March 1989 geomagnetic storm
- 1979 Three Mile Island

#### **Governance & Liability**

- 1938 McKesson & Robbins scandal
- 1933-1936 New Deal reforms

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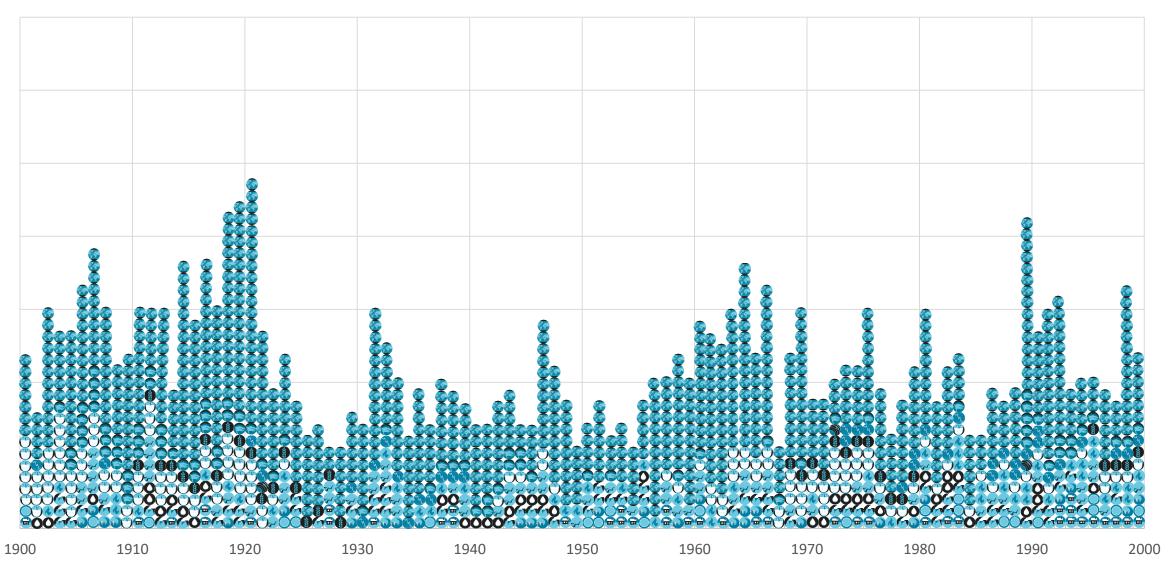


#### A replay of the 20<sup>th</sup> Century

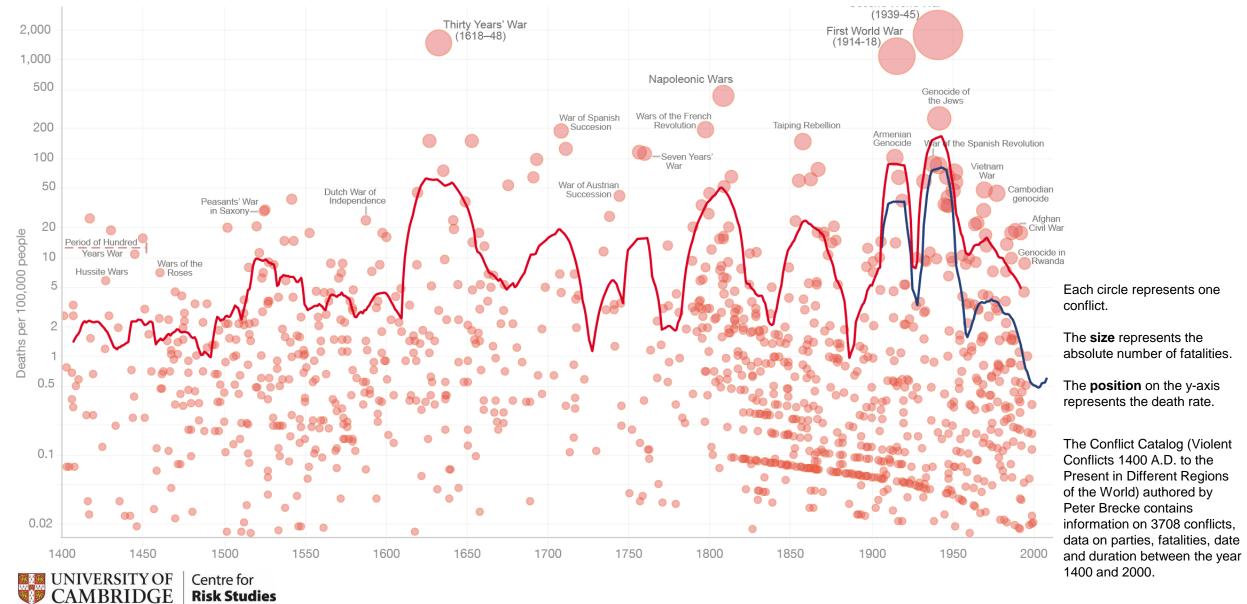
- □ 150 flood events
- 50 heatwaves
- 30 tsunamis
- 70 major eruptions
- 10 drought periods
- 92 earthquakes over 8.0 magnitude
- **6** 55 wildfires
- 26 significant epidemics, including four global pandemics
- >4 major crop epidemics
- 3 geomagnetic solar storms
- 25 financial crises, including the Great Depression
- 21 major uprisings and revolutions
- 240 armed conflicts, including two World Wars
- No cyber attacks



# A replay of the 20<sup>th</sup> Century

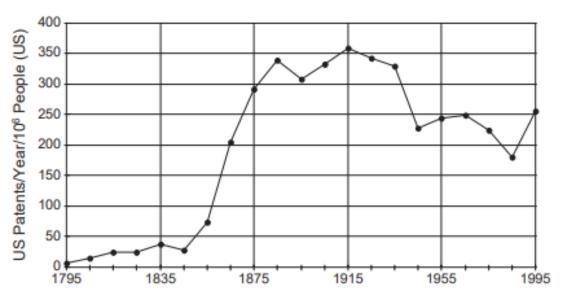


#### What will this teach us?



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#### What will the 21st century look like?



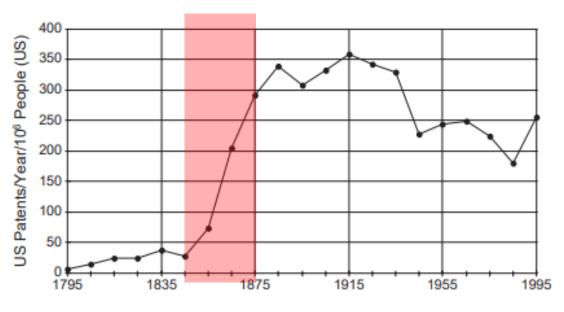
Rate of invention from 1795 to 1999

Rate of innovation since 1455 to 1999



J. Huebner, "A possible declining trend for worldwide innovation", *Technological Forecasting & Social Change*, No. 72 (2005), 980-86

#### What will the 21st century look like?



20 10 10 14 155 1505 1555 1605 1655 1705 1755 1805 1855 1905 1955 2005 2055 2105

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