Cambridge Judge Business School Cambridge Centre for Health Leadership & Enterprise

COVID-19 TRACKER: INDIA

4 December2021

Centre for Health Leadership & Enterprise







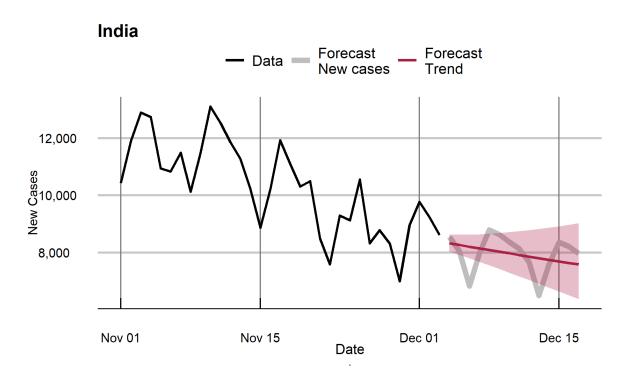
Delhi, Goa, Gujarat, Sikkim and Tripura are the states currently seeing flare ups, with filtered daily growth rates of new COVID-19 cases exceeding 5%.

Karnataka and Telangana have relatively high infection incidences with daily cases continuing to grow.

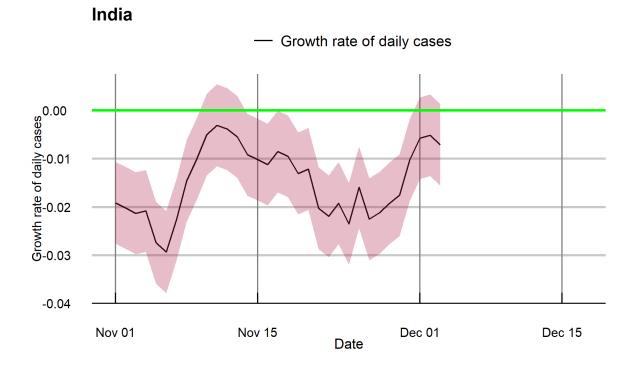
India as a whole remains on a declining trend. The trend value of new cases is likely to be about 7,500 per day in two week's time, by 17 December.

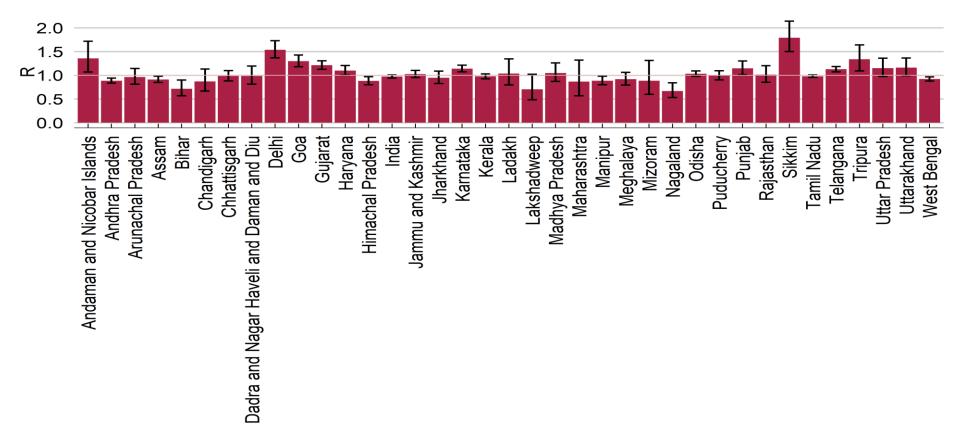
Daily Covid-19 cases in India: Forecast

Forecasts of daily new cases for the period 4 December to 17 December 2021, based on data till 3 December 2021. The trend value of new COVID-19 cases is likely be about 7,500 per day by 17 December.



The filtered growth rate of daily new cases was -0.007 (-0.7 %) as on 3 December 2021.





Rt: 3 December 2021

Bar chart shows point estimates of R and the ± 1 standard deviation confidence intervals

Note: Due to small numbers, estimates are not reliable for: Andaman and Nicobar Islands, Arunachal Pradesh, Bihar, Chandigarh, Chhattisgarh, Dadra and Nagar Haveli and Daman and Diu, Haryana, Jharkhand, Ladakh, Lakshadweep, Madhya Pradesh, Manipur, Meghalaya, Nagaland, Rajasthan, Tripura, Uttar Pradesh and Uttarakhand. *Unusually daily case numbers reported for Delhi and Sikkim on 2nd and 3rd December respectively call for investigation and explanation.*

Filtered daily growth rates of daily cases for States and Union territories currently seeing flare ups

Date	Delhi	Goa	Gujarat	Sikkim	Tripura	
20/11/2021	-2.5%	0.6%	3.4%	7.7%	-3.0%	
21/11/2021	-3.2%	-1.1%	0.0%	6.6%	-10.2%	
22/11/2021	-2.3%	-1.8%	-1.5%	2.6%	-6.1%	
23/11/2021	-3.7%	-0.3%	-0.8%	-1.3%	0.8%	
24/11/2021	-3.1%	-1.1%	-1.6%	-7.7%	4.2%	
25/11/2021	-3.0%	0.9%	-1.9%	-0.1%	-3.7%	
26/11/2021	-4.5%	2.7%	-2.5%	0.0%	0.5%	
27/11/2021	-3.9%	4.7%	-2.7%	-3.4%	4.3%	
28/11/2021	-2.3%	4.5%	-2.5%	3.1%	2.0%	
29/11/2021	1.2%	3.9%	-2.0%	5.7%	-2.5%	
30/11/2021	1.2%	3.7%	0.3%	4.7%	1.4%	
01/12/2021	1.7%	6.6%	2.4%	3.9%	5.9%	
02/12/2021	12.4%	7.5%	4.2%	5.3%	8.9%	
03/12/2021	10.8%	6.5%	4.8%	14.6%	7.3%	

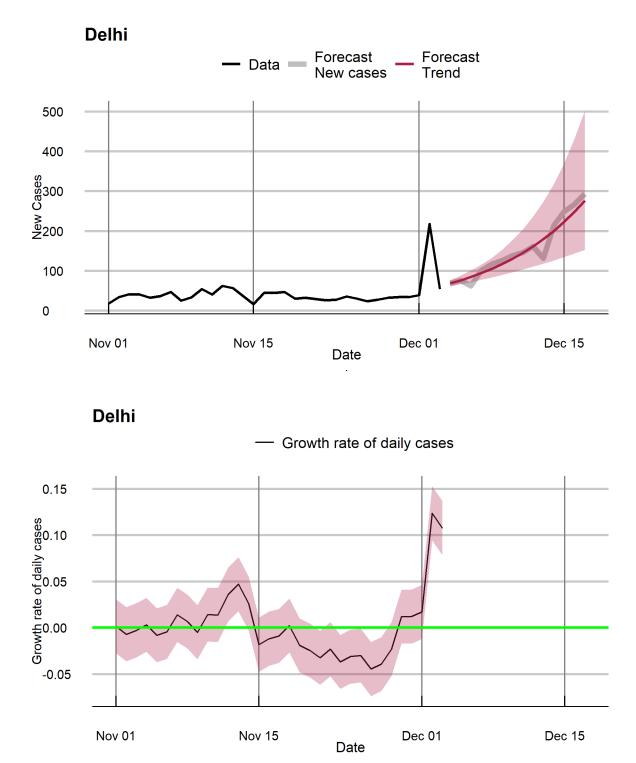
Filtered daily growth rate over 5% as on 3 December 2021

Forecasts of daily cases for States and Union territories currently seeing flare ups

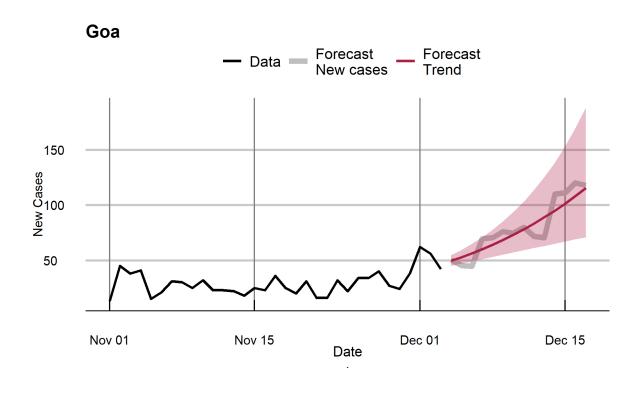
	Delhi:	Delhi:	Goa:	Goa:	Gujarat:	Gujarat:	Sikkim:	Sikkim:	Tripura:	Tripura:
	Forecast of	Forecast	Forecast of	Forecast	Forecast of	Forecast	Forecast of	Forecast	Forecast of	Forecast
Date	new cases	trend	new cases	trend	new cases	trend	new cases	trend	new cases	trend
04/12/2021	<mark>6</mark> 8	68	51	49	45	43	21	21	13	12
05/12/2021	76	76	45	53	42	45	26	24	7	12
06/12/2021	62	84	45	56	44	48	11	28	16	13
07/12/2021	101	94	70	60	50	50	35	32	19	14
08/12/2021	117	105	70	64	54	53	43	37	16	16
09/12/2021	125	117	76	69	58	55	51	43	17	17
10/12/2021	138	130	75	73	59	58	76	50	18	18
11/12/2021	145	145	80	78	63	61	58	58	22	19
12/12/2021	161	161	72	83	59	64	71	67	12	21
13/12/2021	131	179	70	89	62	67	31	77	27	22
14/12/2021	214	200	110	95	71	70	97	90	32	24
15/12/2021	249	223	111	101	76	74	120	104	26	26
16/12/2021	267	248	120	108	82	77	144	121	28	28
17/12/2021	293	276	118	115	82	81	215	140	30	30

4 December to 17 December 2021

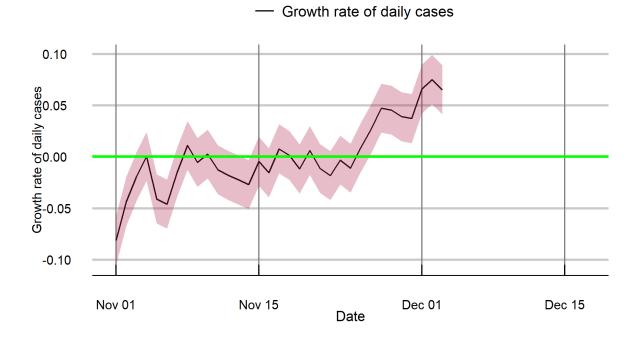
New cases forecasts (4 to 17 December) and filtered daily growth rates (up to 3 December) for States and Union territories currently of concern

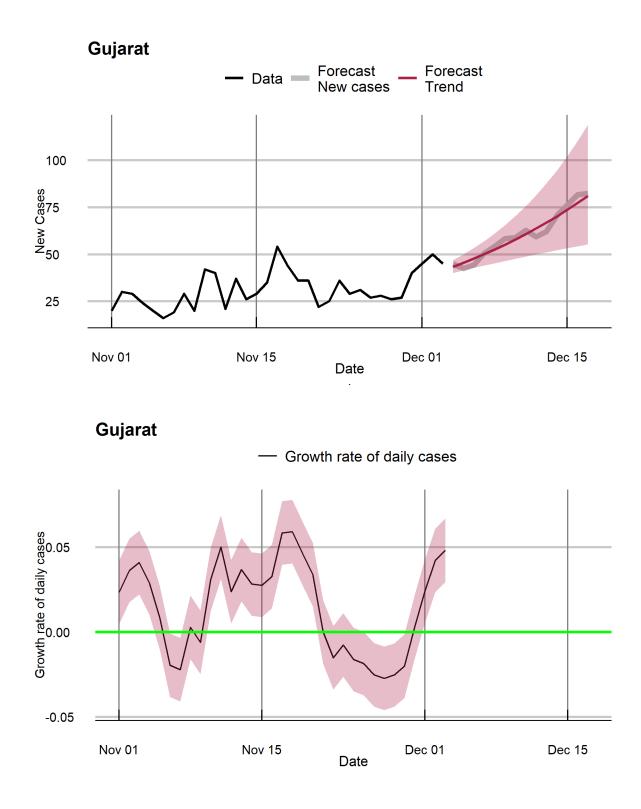


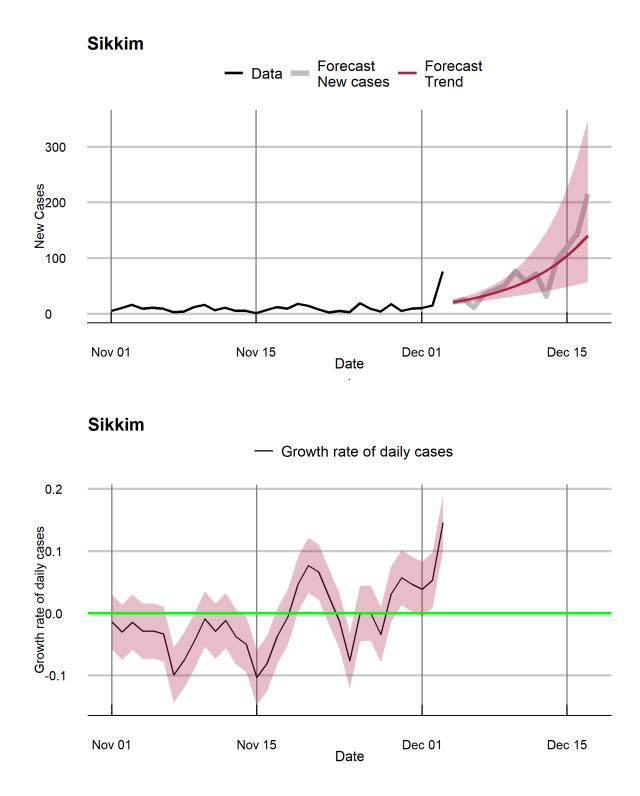
Note: The value reported for the number of new cases on 2 December (217) is an outlier that calls for investigation and explanation.



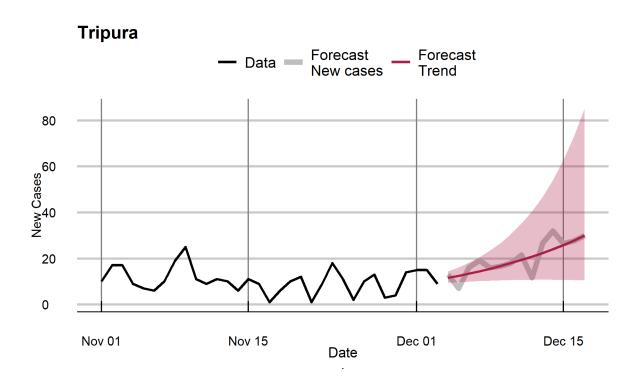
Goa

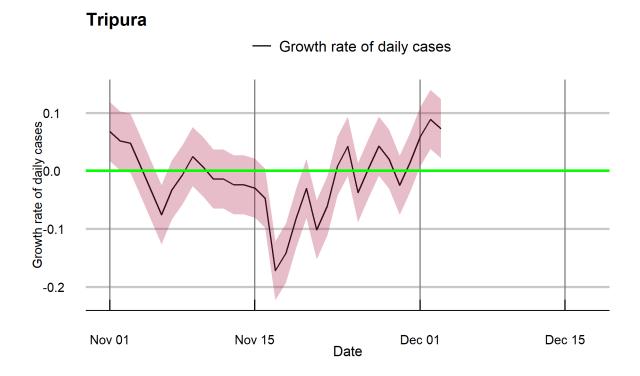




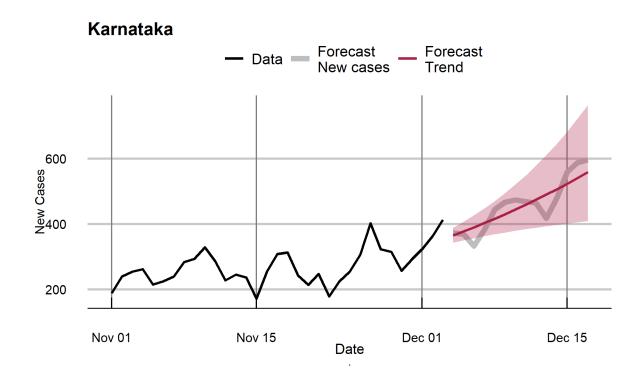


Note: The value reported for the number of new cases on 3 December (76) is an outlier that calls for investigation and explanation.





New cases forecasts (4 December to 17 December) and filtered daily growth rates (up to 3 December) for States with relatively high infection incidence and positive but less extreme growth rates

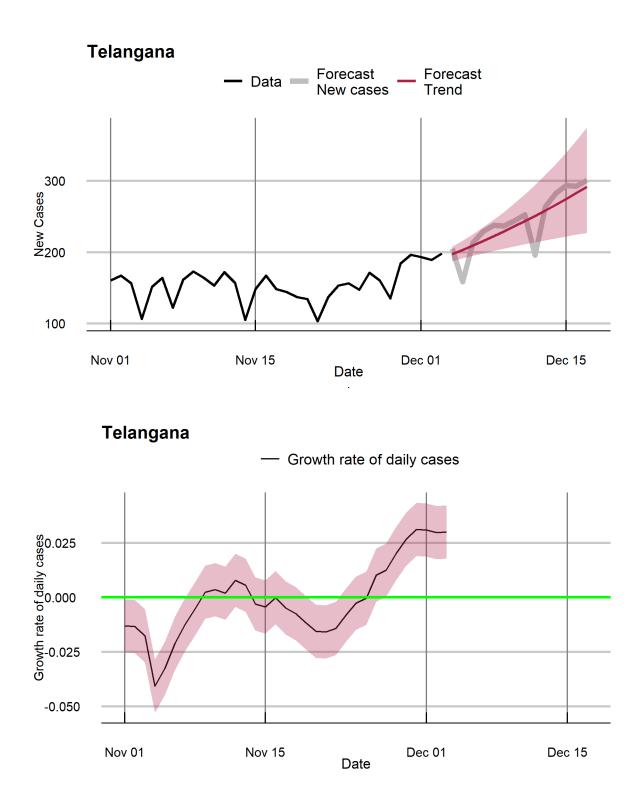




0.050 sec 0.025 -0.050 Nov 01 Nov 15 Dec 01 Dec 15

Growth rate of daily cases

12



Notes

This tracker was developed by researchers at Cambridge Judge Business School and National Institute of Economic and Social Research, working with Health Systems Transformation Platform in India, as part of a pandemic monitoring series devoted to India and its states and union territories. It provides short term forecasts of the trajectory of the pandemic, identifying states and union territories that are at risk of increases in infection incidence.

Data: COVID-19 confirmed cases and deaths data are sourced from Johns Hopkins University (JHU), Center for Systems Science and Engineering (CSSE).

New cases: forecasts. Forecasts above are based on a structural time series model that uses all the data in estimation but adapts to the trend emerging in the most recent period.

The method is described in: Harvey, A. and P. Kattuman (2020). Time series models based on growth curves with applications to forecasting coronavirus. *Harvard Data Science Review*, Special issue 1 - COVID -19. <u>https://hdsr.mitpress.mit.edu/pub/ozgjx0yn/release/2</u>, and Harvey, A., P. Kattuman, and C. Thamotheram (2021). Tracking the mutant: forecasting and nowcasting COVID-19 in the UK in 2021. *National Institute Economic Review*. 256, 110-126. doi:10.1017/nie.2021.12.

New cases: growth rate. The filtered trends presented for daily growth rates of cases are estimated using the Kalman filter, applied to the observed series. The method filters out day of the week effects and random noise to reveal the underlying signal. Unlike methods such as the moving average, this method adapts the trend to changes in real time and characterises underlying patterns of surges or attenuations that are hidden in the volatile series. The method is described in the papers listed above.

R: The *R*-estimates are based on the nowcast of the growth rate; the estimation approach is described in Harvey, A. and P. Kattuman (2021). A farewell to R: Time series models for tracking and forecasting epidemics. Journal of the Royal Society Interface, 18, 20210179, https://royalsocietypublishing.org/doi/10.1098/rsif.2021.0179.The confidence interval is based on one standard deviation, with coverage of 68%.

Note: The accuracy of forecasts rely on the quality of the published data. Further, changes in government pandemic policies and in transmission relevant social behaviour may lead realised numbers to deviate from forecasts.

Andrew Harvey^{*}, Paul Kattuman^{*}, Rajeev Sadanandan[#], Stefan Scholtes^{*}, Craig Thamotheram⁺

*University of Cambridge.

[#]Health Systems Transformation Platform.

*National Institute of Economic and Social Research

Cambridge Centre for Health Leadership & Enterprise Cambridge Judge Business School University of Cambridge Trumpington Street Cambridge CB2 1AG United Kingdom

T +44(0)1223 339700 health@jbs.cam.ac.uk www.jbs.cam.ac.uk/health

